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THE GODDESS OF SLANG.

I was courting a beautiful girl one night,
Whom I worshipped as almost divine,
And longed to hear breathed the sweet little word
That told me she would be mine;
I was praising the wealth of her chestnut hair,
And her eyes of matchless blue,
When she laid her dear cheek on my shoulder and said,
"Hurrah! that's bully for you!"

I started in terror, but managed to keep
From showing my intense surprise,
And pressed my lips lightly on brow and on cheek,
And then on her meekly closed eyes.
I told her my love was as deep as the sea,
(As I felt her heart go pit-a-patter,)
I would worship her always, if she would be mine,
And she whispered, "Oh, that's what the matter!"

I told her her cheek would the rose put to shame,
Her teeth the famed Orient pearl,
And the ocean's rich coral could never compare
With the lips of my beautiful girl!
That her voice was like music that comes to the ear
In the night time—and sweet was her smile,
As that of an angel, and softly she breathed,
"On that you can just bet your pile!"

In the husk of the starlight I still whispered on,
And pressed her more closely to my breast;
Talked sweeter than Romeo, dearer than Claude,
And told her how true love was blest;
Of bliss in a cottage, of flowers and birds,
(Though I felt the times strange out of joint,)
When she looked with a smile, and daintily lisped
In my ear, "I can't quite see the point!"

I pressed her still closely, I talked still more sweet,
Called the stars to look down on my love,
Made love rhyme to dove, and kiss rhyme to bliss,
And vowed by the heavens above
I'd be constant and true if she'd only be mine;
Pressed her lips and caressed her brown locks;
When she answered me back with a rich saucy laugh,
"Look 'er here! ain't you after the rocks!"

A Yankee Trick.

Some years ago, before railroads were invented, a cute Massachusetts Yankee was one day travelling in a stage in the State of Connecticut. The passengers stopped for breakfast at a place where the landlord was noted for his parsimony; and it was strongly suspected that he paid the driver to hurry off the stage before the passengers could eat half a meal, in order to save his victuals. The Yankee heard this talk, and he sat down to breakfast with the determination to eat his money's worth whether the stage left him or not. While, therefore, the rest of the passengers were bolting their victuals at the greatest possible haste, the Massachusetts man took his time. The passengers had scarcely finished a cup of coffee, and ate two or three mouthfuls when they heard the sound of the horn, and the driver exclaim, "Stage ready!" Up rise the grumbling passengers, pay their fifty cents, and take their seats.

"All aboard, gents?" inquires the host.

"One missing," said they.

Proceeding to the dining room the host finds our Yankee friend very coolly helping himself to an immense piece of steak, the size of a horse's hip. "You'll be left, sir! Stage is going to start?"

"Waal, I hain't got nothing tew say agin it."

"Can't wait, sir; better take your seat."

"I'll be gaul darned of I dew, nuther, till I've got my breakfuss! I've got tew pay my half a dollar, and I'm goin' to get the vallee on't; and ef you calkalate I ain't, yew air mistaken."

So the stage did start, and left the hungry New Englander, who continued his attack of the eatables. Biscuits, coffee, steaks, etc., disappeared rapidly before the eyes of the astonished landlord.

"Say, squire, them there cakes is 'bout east; fetch us nuther grist on 'em. You, (to the waiter,) nuther cup uv that ar coffee. Pass them eggs. Raise yewre own pork, squire?—this is amazin' nice ham. Land 'bout yeare tolerable cheap, squire, I callate? Don't lay yowre own eggs, do ye?" and thus the Yankee kept quizzing the landlord, until he had made a hearty meal.

"Say, squire, now I'm about to conclude payin' my dewours to this table, but if ye'wd jist give me a bowl of bread and milk tew sorter top off with, I'd be much obleeged tew ye."

So out goes the landlord and waiter for the bowl, milk and bread, and set them before the Yankee.

"Spoon, tew, if you please!"

But no spoon could be found. Landlord was sure that he had plenty of silver ones lying on the table when the stage stopped.

"Say! dew yew think them passengers is goin' to pay yew for a breakfuss and not git no compensation?"

"Ah! what! do you think any of the passengers took them?"

"Dew I think! No, I don't think; but I'm sartin. If they are all as green as you about here, I'm goin tew locate immediately and tew oust."

The landlord rushes out to the stable and starts a man off after the stage, which had gone about three miles. The man overtakes the stage, and says something to the driver in a low tone. He immediately turns back, and on arriving at the hotel our Yankee comes out to take his seat and says:

"How air yew! gents? I'm glad tew see yew back."

"Can you point out the man you think has the spoons?" asked the landlord.

"Pint him out! Sartinly, I ken. Say, Squire, I paid you four ninepences for a breakfuss, and I callate I got the vallee on't. You'll find them spoons in the coffee pot." Which was found to be the case.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

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THE GLOBE
JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
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CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,
AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE

Colonel Jacob M. Campbell.

[From the Johnstown Tribune.]

The importance of the pending political campaign in this State, and the enthusiasm everywhere created among loyal men by the nomination of two distinguished soldiers for the only offices to be filled this year by general ticket, naturally call for more than a brief reference to the antecedents and characteristics of our standard-bearers. In this article we propose to tell what we know of our friend and fellow-citizen, Colonel Campbell, the nominee for Surveyor General.

Jacob M. Campbell is a native of that old Whig stronghold, Somerset county, where he was born just forty-four years ago. When a mere youth his parents removed to Allegheny city, where he went to school until 1835. In that year, being fourteen years old, he became an apprentice in the office of the Somerset *Whig*, a Democratic newspaper, in which he remained until he had mastered as much of the printing business as could be learned in a country office of that day. In 1840 he left Somerset and worked for some time "at case" in the office of the *Literary Examiner*, a monthly magazine of considerable merit published in Pittsburg. From here our "jour printer" found his way to New Orleans and into another printing office. But his active nature was not satisfied. The steamboat trade on the lower Mississippi presented in 1840, as does the oil business in 1865, tempting inducements to enterprising spirits who care less for hard knocks than for the substantial benefits which they sometimes produce. Laying down his composing stick, the boy of nineteen became a steamboatman, and for several subsequent years filled successively the positions of clerk, mate and part owner of a vessel, always, however, making Pennsylvania his home, which he frequently visited. In 1847 the iron business of our State attracted his attention, and he embarked in it at Brady's Bend. In the same year he married. In 1851 he followed the course of empire to California, but did not long remain there, and in 1853 we find him in Johnstown, assisting in the construction of our mammoth rolling mill. With this splendid enterprise he remained connected up to the breaking out of the war, holding all the time an important and responsible position. He was one of the few men who *knew how* to build and manage successfully the greatest iron establishment in the Union.

In April, 1861, Fort Sumpter was bombarded and the first call appeared for volunteers to "rally round the flag." At the time Mr. Campbell was first lieutenant of a volunteer company in Johnstown, and this company at once tendered its services to the Governor, who promptly accepted them. *It was the first company to enter Camp Curtin.* Upon the organization of the Third regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, Lieutenant Campbell was appointed Quartermaster, a position which he filled with great acceptability until the regiment was discharged. On the 28th of July he was mustered out of service, and on the 30th was commissioned to recruit a regiment. In due time the regiment was raised, the companies composing it having been mainly recruited through Col. Campbell's individual exertions. Eight of the companies were recruited in Cambria and Somerset counties, and two in Lehigh and Northampton counties. The regiment was designated the Fifty-Fourth.

For two years this regiment performed the arduous duty of guarding sixty miles of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and while thus engaged really protected the Maryland and Pennsylvania border from Rebel invasion and guerilla outrages. It is a fact which may not be generally known to Pennsylvanians that to the Fifty-fourth regiment they owe much of the security they enjoyed in their persons and property during 1862 and 1863, the two most critical years of the war. The position of the Fifty fourth was, at all times, an exceedingly trying and dangerous one, requiring the exercise of the utmost vigilance and the soundest discretion. During its guardianship of the railroad, it was frequently engaged in skirmishes with the enemy, and upon more than one occasion gave timely and valuable information of his movements and designs. In addition to his ordinary duties as commander of the regiment, Col. Campbell was almost daily called upon during this period to decide disputes between Rebels and Unionists residing along the line of the railroad, and it is no exaggeration to say that in no instance was justice cheated or rascality rewarded. It is not our assertion merely, but the testimony of all who are cognizant of the facts, that the commander of the Fifty-fourth manifested on all occasions the possession of judicial talent of a high order. *Of his purely executive* ability, the successful and always satisfactory manner in which the regiment guarded those sixty miles of railroad in a hostile territory is the only proof that we need to cite. We had almost omitted to mention that from March, 1863, until March, 1864, Col. Campbell was in command of the Fourth brigade, First division, Eighth army corps, in which was his own regiment.

Early in 1864 General Sigel took command of the Department of West Virginia, and moved with all his available troops to Martinsburg, preparatory to a movement up the Shenandoah Valley. In a reorganization of the troops which took place, Col. Campbell, at his own request, returned to the command of his regiment. At the battle of New Market, May 15th, the regiment suffered severely. It occupied the extreme left of the line, and was the last to leave the field. Under Hunter the regiment took a prominent part in the battle of Piedmont, June 5th, again occupying the left of the line, and this time flanking the enemy's right and attacking him in the rear. After the battle Col. Campbell was assigned to the command of a brigade, and as a special favor his own regiment was transferred to it, that it might remain under its old commander. The brigade suffered heavily in the attack upon the entrenchments at Lynchburg, and covered the retreat of Hunter's army when the attack failed. July 24th the brigade participated in the battle of Winchester, and upon the fall of Col. Mulligan Col. Campbell took command of his division. He continued in its command until its consolidation into a brigade, consequent upon its many losses in killed and wounded, and afterward commanded the brigade. After Sheridan came to the head of the Department, he participated in the engagements in the Shenandoah under that renowned chieftain until he was mustered out of service nearly two months after the expiration of his three years' term of enlistment. His total period of service, including the three months' campaign, it will thus be seen, covered nearly three years and a half.

Col. Campbell's record as a politician will bear examination. Reared in the school of Jackson Democracy, he voted in 1844 for Polk and Dallas. 1848, however, he abandoned the party which, he had become convinced, was the champion of slavery extension and the foe to Pennsylvania's best interests, and voted for the Free Soil candidates, Van Buren and Adams. His residence in the South had shown him the evils of slavery, and he therefore gave his vote against the party which sought its extension. In 1852 he voted again for the Free Soil nominees, Hale and Julian, and in 1856 was the delegate from Cambria county to the Fremont Convention. He took an active part in advocating Republican principles in his own county during that year, and at once took rank with the people of the county as a politician of *fairness, ability and zeal.* His influence in county politics continued to be felt during succeeding years. In 1859 he was presented by the Republicans of Cambria for the Senatorial nomination in the district then composed of Cambria, Blair and Clearfield, and a little more than one month ago he was again unanimously selected as the choice of the Union party of Cambria for Senator from the district composed of Cambria, Indiana and Jefferson. That he was not nominated on either occasion by the district conference was not owing to a want of appreciation of his worth and services, but to the supposed superior claims of the county which was honored with the nominee.

Such is, in detail, the private and public record of our candidate for Surveyor General. If it is not a brilliant one, it is, at least, consistent, manly and patriotic.

Of Col. Campbell's mental and moral characteristics it becomes us to say but little. He is a shrewd business man, a public spirited citizen, a good worker, and an honest man. Without having enjoyed the advantages of a liberal education, he is, nevertheless, one of the best read men in the State. He is a clear thinker, and remarkably cool and cautious in judgment. In a long acquaintance we have rarely known him to err in his estimate of public men or the wisdom of public measures. He is a man of marked sagacity. His social characteristics are of that class which never fails to create the warmest friendships and to command the respect of all. That he is worthy of the office for which he has been nominated is conceded by those who know the man. That he and his gallant colleague, General Hartranft, will be elected by overwhelming majorities, is already a foregone conclusion.

Major General Hartranft.

JOHN F. HARTRANFT, candidate for Auditor General, is a citizen of Norristown, Montgomery county, and is about thirty two years old. He is thoroughly educated, being a graduate of Union College New York. He began his career as a civil engineer, and subsequently studied law. He pursued as we are informed, his profession for a number of years with honorable distinction. When the war broke out, he did not hesitate to abandon a lucrative and growing business at the bar. He immediately entered the service and received the command of one of the "three months regiments." Our readers will remember the difficulties with a number of these regiments, which, claiming that their term of service had expired, refused to move against the enemy while the battle of Bull Run was in progress, and it was at this time, when Col. Hartranft's regiment took up their march homeward, that he himself remained on the field, and was honored for his firmness and bravery by being placed on Gen. Franklin's staff. His career afterwards throughout the war was in keeping with this act. After the Bull run disaster he immediately went home and raised another regiment—the 51st—for three years. The regiment was with Burnside at the taking of Roanoke island, and afterwards saw much hard service in North Carolina. On the expiration of their three years term of service the 51st re enlisted.—Col. Hartranft was soon after placed at the head of a brigade, and for his skill and bravery during Grant's memorable campaign of 1864, he was promoted to a full brigadier generalship. At Petersburg he displayed remarkable coolness and judgment, when others failed in these qualities, for which he was breveted by the President Maj. General of Volunteers.

Gen. Hartranft is a War Democrat. He is one of those Democrats who loved country better than party, liberty better than slavery. His nomination *for the important office of Auditor* General, like the placing of Hon. JOHN CESSNA at the head of the State Central Committee, attests how well the Union party keeps its faith with those loyal Democrats who rushed to the support of their country's flag when other Democrats in the North faltered, or espoused the rebel cause.

A-B—AB.—Charlottesville is fairly entitled to be called the literary centre of the South. There is, first, the University of Virginia, with its learned professors on all sorts of subjects. Then we have two large female seminaries, where young ladies learn thirty or forty things ending in ology.—Then we have *some half dozen first* class academies for boys. Then several select schools. Then a number of schools for the English branches. And then the whole colored population of all sexes and ages is repeating from morning to night a-b ab, e b eb, i-b ib, c-a-t cat, d-o-g dog, c-u-p cup, &c., &c., through all the varieties of the first lessons in orthography. There are some four or five colored schools, and little negro chaps darken every door with primers in their hands. If we pass a blacksmith shop, we hear a-b ab; if we peep into a shoemaker's shop it is a-b ab; if we pass by a negro cabin in the suburbs of the town, we hear the sound a-b ab; if the cook goes out to suckle her infant, it is a-b ab; the dining room servant washes up his dishes and plates, crying a-b ab; the hostler curries his horse, repeating a-b ab; Jerry blacks your boots, saying, with rapid strokes, a-b ab, a-b ab; the whole air is resonant with a b ab. The little yellow boy who sleeps in our chamber awoke us the other night, muttering in his dreams a-b ab. Mr. Greely has stirred up thunder here.—If you send a little negro boy on an errand, he is spelling everything he meets in one syllable. The little white boys look at them wonderingly, and try to cork them. In a month or so we expect to issue an evening edition of the *Chronicle* in monosyllables, to increase our circulation—perhaps a pictorial, with tubs and spades, and ants and cows, and owls and bats—like the primer.—*Charlottesville Chronicle.*

☞To get rid of your troubles, says an exchange, stop thinking of them. Whether you are as lively as crickets or dull as rain depends less on the size of your pocket book than on the condition of your mind. Low spirits are almost always produced by want of exercise and oxygen. A brisk walk will kill the blues in less time than you can slaughter a bobtailed fly with a flat iron. Nearly all our troubles owe their size to inactivity. For such troubles your only remedy is a "sweat," such as you may obtain by chasing girls in the orchard, or by wrestling with new mown hay in a meadow.

WIT AND HUMOR.

—A peculiarly poetical pen furnishes the following funny fancy:—"Insects must generally lead a jovial life. Think what it must be to lodge in a lily! Imagine a palace of ivory or pearl, with pillars of silver and capitals of gold, all exhaling such a perfume as never arose from a human censer!—Fancy, again, the fun of tucking yourself up for the night in the folds of a rose, rocked to sleep by the gentle sighs of a summer air, and nothing to do when you wake but to wash yourself in a dew drop and fall to and eat your bedclothes."

—An anecdote is told of the Bishop of Exeter, England. The scene is a church in Torquay; the Bishop is present, but not officiating, and he sits with the congregation. The officiating clergymen ventures to soften to ears polite the phrase "Eat and drink their own damnation." He reads it "condemnation." A voice is heard energetically exclaiming "Damnation!"—The whole church is startled. But it is not a profane epithet they hear—it is the voice of the Bishop in rebuke of the officiating minister.

—While Father Taylor was giving one of his temperance lectures, a well known drunkard, feeling touched, commenced hissing. Instantly Father Taylor turned the attention of the large audience to the insolent rowdy, and then forcibly said as he pointed to his victim, "There's a red nose got into cold water, don't you hear it hiss?"

—An honest German in Philadelphia, listening to an account of a married woman's elopement with another man, the other day, got greatly excited over it, and spluttered forth with the greatest vehemence: "If my vife runs away mit another man's vife, I will shake him out of her preeches, if she be mine own fader, mine Gott!"

—"Thank Heaven the war is over," was the fervent ejaculation of a good old lady of Danville; "and may our court house never be burned down again, for that was the cause of this whole war. They wanted to tax the South to build it up again, and the South would't be taxed, so they went to fighting."

—"Stuttering Ben," who was toasting his shins, observing that the oil merchant was cheating a customer in oil, called out to him, Jim, "I can t-tell you how t-to s-sell t-twice as much as you d-do now." "Well, how?" groaned Jim. "F-fill your measure."

—We are enabled to state positively that all the jokes relating to crinoline are not used up. For instance, why do ladies wear such extraordinary things as crinoline? Because all the heavenly bodies move in eccentric circles.

—Nobody likes to be nobody, but everybody is pleased to think himself somebody. And everybody is somebody; but when anybody thinks himself to be somebody he generally thinks everybody else to be nobody.

—There was a wicked boy who, when he was told that the best cure for the palpitation of the heart was to quit kissing the girls, said: "If that is the only remedy for palpitation, I say let her palp!"

—An exchange has it, that a young man who went on a bridal tour with an angel in muslin has returned with a termagant in hoops. Encouraging to batchelors—very.

—"I mourn for my bleeding country," said a certain army contractor to General Sheridan. "So you ought, you scoundrel," replied Sheridan, "for nobody has bled her more than you have.

—An old sailor says that the cable is the longest yarn ever spun over the Atlantic. This is the reason, probably, why "imperfect insulation" cut it short.

—A skeptic thinks it very extraordinary that an ass once talked like a man. Isn't it more extraordinary that thousands of men are continually talking like asses.

—Artemus Ward recently caused considerable embarrassment to the tax commissioners by returning his income in "wax figgers."

—Don't snub the poor negroes.—You have only to look in their faces to see how awfully they have been *snubbed* by nature.

—Love in men is like the distemper in dogs. Neither men nor puppies are worth anything until they have had it.

—In spite of all that *some people* say against dancing, it is unquestionably a *merry toe-rious* arrangement.

—What did Lot do when his wife was turned into a pillar of salt? Took a fresh one, of course.

—At the circus, women jump clean through hoops. In society they jump into them and stick there.

—When a man with a scolding wife was asked what he did for a living, he said that he kept a hot-house.

A Girl that Would Marry and Why.

Mr. Watts had by industry and economy accumulated a large property. He was a man of rather superior mind and acquirements, but unfortunately became addicted to habits of intemperance. Naturally fond of company, and possessing superior conversational powers, his company was much sought, and he became eventually a sot. His wife was a feeble woman, without much decision of character; but an only child was the reverse, illustrating one of those singular laws of nature, that the females oftenest take after the father in character and personal peculiarities, and the males after the mother.

Mary was well aware of the consequences that would inevtably follow her father's course, and had used every exertion of persuasion and reason in her power, to induce him to alter his habits, but without avail; his resolutions and promises could not withstand temptation, and he pursued his downward course, till the poor girl despaired of reform, and grievously realized what the end must result in.

John Dunn was a young man from the east, possessed of a good education, as all our New England boys are, and their indomitable industry and perseverance, and was working on the farm of a neighbor by the month.

Mary, on going on some errand to the next house, met him on the road with the usual salutation"—Good morning, Mr. Dunn."

"Good morning, Miss Watts. How is your health?"

"Well, I thank you, but to tell the truth, sick at heart."

"Pray, what is the trouble?" said John. "What can affect you, a cheerful, lively girl like you, possessing everything that can make you happy?"

"On the contrary to make me miserable; I am almost weary of life. But it is a subject I cannot explain to you; and yet I have sometimes thought I might."

"Anything that I can do for you, Miss Watts, you may freely command."

"That is promising more than you would be willing to perform. But to break the ice at once, do you want a wife?"

"A wife! Well, I don't know. Do you want a husband?"

"*Indeed I do*, the worst way. I don't know but you may think me bold, and deficient in that maidenly modesty becoming a woman; but if you knew my situation, and the affliction I suffer, I think it would be some excuse for my course."

"Have you thought of the consequence?" said John—"my situation—I am poor—you are rich—I am a stranger—and—"

"Indeed I have; I am almost crazy. Let me explain—you and every one else know the unfortunate situation of my father. His habits are fixed beyond amendment, and his property is wasting like the dew before the sun. A set of harpies are drinking his very heart's blood, and ruin and misery are staring us in the face. We are almost strangers, it is true; but I have observed you closely. Your habits, your industry and the care and prudence with which you have managed your employer's business, has always interested me."

"And yet, my dear young lady, what can you know of me to warrant you in taking such an important step?"

"It is enough for me that I am satisfied with your character and habits, your person and manners. I am a woman and have eyes. We are about the same age; so, if you know me and like me well enough to take me, there is my hand!"

"And, my dear Mary, there's mine with all my heart in it. Now, when do you desire it to be settled?"

"Now, this minute: give me your arm and we will go to Squire Benton's and have the bargain finished at once. I don't want to enter our house of distress again until I have one on whom I can rely, to control and direct the affairs of my disconsolate home, and to support me in my determination to turn over a new leaf in our domestic affairs."

"But not in this old hat and in my shirt sleeves, Mary?"

"Yes, and in my old sun bonnet and dirty apron. If you are content let it be done at once. I hope you will think I am not so hard pushed as that comes to; but I want a master. I am willing to be mistress; I will then take you home and introduce you as my own dear husband—signed, sealed and delivered."

"So be it—*permit me to say*, that I have always admired you from the first minute I saw you, for your beauty and energy, and industrious, amiable deportment."

"Now John, if that is sincere, this is the happiest moment of my life, and I trust our union will be long and happy. I am the only one my father hears to; but, his resolutions are like ropes of land. I can manage him on all other subjects; you must take charge of his business, and have sole control; there will be no difficulty—I am confident of the result."

They were married, and a more happy match never was consummated. Everything prospered; houses and barns were repaired, fences and gates were regulated, and the extensive fields smiled and flourished like an Eden. The unfortunate father in a few years sank into a drunkard's grave. Mary and John raised a large family, and they still live, respected and wealthy—all from an energetic girl's resolution, forethought and courage.

A GREAT MISTAKE.—The old proverb of "Circumstances alter cases," had a spicy illustration the other day at a Boston hotel, and two parties, one from this city, and the other of Boston, participated therein. A young man, who is the least bit feminine in his appearance, parting his hair in the middle, etc., went to Boston, and while in that city, was taken with a severe fit of cholic. Stopping at a hotel he put himself to bed, and sent for a physician. The doctor came, felt of his patient's pulse, examined his stomach, and inquired solemnly if his habits were "regular;" to which the young man, somewhat surprised, answered in the affirmative. The doctor then cautiously and politely informed his patient that his symptoms manifested some probabilities of an increase of the census in a short time. The surprise of the cholic stricken young man at this singular announcement was only equalled by that of the doctor when he discovered the true sex of his patient. "Circumstances alter cases," always.—*Springfield Union.*

☞Every man his own gasmaker is likely to be a possibility in any apple growing country. A discovery has been made in one of the French departments that the residuum of the cider press can be utilized by distillation. With only 200° (centigrade) of temperature a gas is produced that will burn without smoke or smell, and with a power of illumination superior to that of common gas, to make which from oil requires 1,000?. The cost of the former, meanwhile, is only one-fourth that of the latter, and the light coal which remains has also its uses and an appreciable value. The waste heat of our ordinary gas works could be profitable put to the new distillation, but portable works have been contrived especially for this purpose, and can be owned by the most moderate establishments of town or country. There is evidently a convenient source of mechanical power also.

LADIES' LEFT.—The editor of a paper in Providence lately informed his readers that the ladies always pulled off the left stocking last. This, as may be supposed, created some stir among his fair readers, and, while in positive terms they denied the statement, they at the same time declared that he had no business to know it, even if such was the fact, and pronounced him no gentleman. He proves it, however, by a simple argument: "When one stocking is pulled off and another left on, pulling off this is pulling off the left stocking last."

☞The number of battles fought during the late war, is given by an exchange, who, we think, understates the number, at two hundred and fifty-two. Of these, the soil of Virginia drank the blood of eighty-nine, Tennessee witnessed thirty-seven, Missouri twenty-five, Georgia twelve, South Carolina ten, North Carolina eleven, Alabama seven, Florida five, Kentucky fourteen, the Indian Territory and New Mexico one each. Once the wave of war rolled into a Northern State, and broke in the great billow of Gettysburg. Of the battles enumerated, sixteen were naval achievements.

☞It has been announced at the Treasury Department that the fractional currency of all denominations has been counterfeited except the notes last printed. It has also been ascertained that the legal tender notes of about every denomination which were printed in the city of New York have also been counterfeited. It is denied at the Department that there are any counterfeits of the currency of the National Banks.

☞The Grand Jury of Franklin county have found true bills against the rebel General McCausland and others who were concerned in the destruction of Chambersburg last summer, and in pillaging on the border of the State during the war. Governor Curtin has signed requisitions on the Governors of Old Virginia, West Virginia and Maryland for the rendition of the guilty parties to the authorities of this Commonwealth, and officers have been sent to those States to make the arrests.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Sept. 6, 1865.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag, the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

UNION STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL,

Gen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,

OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,

Col. JACOB M. CAMPBELL,

OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

Assembly,

Private EPHRAIM BAKER, of Springfield.

Associate Judge,

Sergt. ANTHONY J. BEAVER, of Penn.

Sheriff,

Sergt. JAS. F. BATHURST, of Spruce Creek

Treasurer,

Private THOMAS W. MYTON, of Barree.

Commissioner,

Private ADAM WARFEL, of Brady.

Director of Poor.

Lieut. JOHN FLENNER, of Henderson.

County Surveyor,

Private JAMES E. GLASGOW, of Union.

Auditor,

Lieut. W. F. CUNNINGHAM, Huntingdon.

Declination.

To the Union voters of Huntingdon county:

Your late convention nominated me for Associate Judge. I was greatly flattered by, was truly grateful for, and have a right to be proud of the compliment.

A war for national life has just closed. All men had taken sides for or against our Government. I was among its friends. My influence and my means were cheerfully given to aid it, and encourage her soldiers, when assailed by armed traitors in the field, or their cowardly allies in the North. Every loyal man knows how much we owe the memory of the many brave men who fell, and their more fortunate comrades who returned, for their faith and valor. I was second to no one in the ardor of my attachment to the cause of my country, and in my devotion to the interest of our soldiers.—My life has been misspent if I have failed to convince my friends that I do not profess one thing, and live another. Had a soldier's name been before the Convention for this office, I could not *then*, and therefore can not *now*, stand in the way of a true soldier's success.

Informed to-day that ANTHONY J. BEAVER, a soldier of the whole war, a man who through four long years without a doubt or fear met his country's enemy in the field and gave the lie to that infamous slander by their foes at home, that "the war was a failure," asks, as an honest means to aid him, your suffrages for the same place, I at once declare that I will not be in the way of such a soldier's success, and hereby publicly decline the nomination of Associate Judge, and return my thanks to my many personal friends for their kind assurances of their support. I shall be exceedingly gratified if the Union County Committee will place his name on the ticket in my stead. THOS. FISHER.

Huntingdon, Sept. 2, 1865.

Mr. Thomas Fisher.

We publish Mr. Fisher's declination as the Union candidate for Associate Judge. It speaks for itself. It speaks the honest sentiments of an honest friend of a worthy soldier. It speaks the honest sentiments of the Union party of the county, and Mr. Fisher may well feel proud of having such an opportunity offered him to prove to the world that he is a friend indeed of the brave men who have saved our country.

Sergt. Anthony J. Beaver.

We publish in another column a card from Sergt. Beaver, of Penn township, announcing himself as an independent Union candidate for Associate Judge. Every reader of the card must come to the conclusion that there is no more worthy man lives in the county, and we shall take the liberty of placing his name upon the ticket at the head of this column, in place of Mr. Fisher who has declined. Mr. Beaver is not only worthy, but is also fully competent to fill the post. He has been represented to us by gentlemen who have known him from boyhood as being an extra good man. Sergt. Beaver lost his right arm in an engagement with the enemy near Bristow Station, but his manuscript card before us is the best evidence that he is more expert with the pen in his left hand than most business men are with it in their right. Mr. Beaver will most certainly be elected without opposition.

☞A dispatch from Chicago says that a startling and murderous plot to release all the prisoners in the Illinois Prison at Joliet has been discovered and frustrated.

The Banner County in the State.

Huntingdon county is the banner Union county in the State. The party throughout the State professed friendship for the soldiers—pledged in words to take care of them when the country should be saved, the war over, and they return home. Many counties have placed one, two or three soldiers in nomination for offices, but old Huntingdon has done the clear thing by presenting to the voters a solid Soldiers' ticket. Look at the ticket:

For Assembly we have Private EPHRAIM BAKER, one of the seven brothers who served their country faithfully in the field. But three are alive to-day.

For Associate Judge we have Sergt. ANTHONY J. BEAVER, right arm off at the shoulder.

For Sheriff, we have Sergt. JAMES F. BATHURST, right leg off.

For Treasurer we have Private THOMAS W. MYTON, left arm off at shoulder.

For County Commissioner we have Private ADAM WARFEL, aged over fifty, who had all his boys, able to carry a musket, with him in the service.

For Director of the Poor we have Lieutenant JOHN FLENNER, a man over fifty.

For County Surveyor we have Private JAMES E. GLASGOW.

For County Auditor we have Adjutant WILBUR F. CUNNINGHAM, was slightly wounded.

The above is our ticket. Every man worthy and fully competent to fill the office for which he is named. If the Opposition organization can put in nomination men for the purpose of defeating the "banner ticket" the people will be compelled to come to the conclusion that that organization has a strange way of showing its friendship for the deserving soldier.

THE APPROACH OF THE CHOLERA.—Intelligence brought by the steamers plying between American and European ports, indicates the steady advance of the cholera westward, and portrays the fearful ravages the disease is making wherever it takes hold of a population. Indeed, the Governments of Europe have never exhibited like alarm on any subject, and if the apprehensions of the authorities in the old world are to be taken as an estimate of the force and virulence of the disease, the people and authorities in the new world have just cause to be aroused to such precautionary measures as are impossible when general alarm spreads panic in the community. The local authorities in the country should at once take hold of the matter, and interest themselves properly in the sanitary condition of their municipalities. Let us not postpone the precaution of cleanliness until the scourge has made its appearance on our shores. And let the people in each town, borough, and city at once go to work for the renovation of the alleys, lanes and streets thereof, the authorities in the meanwhile adopting and enforcing such measures as will compel the people to cleanliness.

THE week following our delegate elections, the *Monitor* had an editorial of nearly a column in length on the election in this place. They were delighted, for they thought they saw in the result a certain defeat of a soldier ticket. Then, too, the editors of the *Journal & American*, felt good over the result, and where you find them in a local contest against us you are sure to find the *Monitor* faction. But the County Convention changed the appearance of things,—the *Jour. & Am.* men were defeated and went mad, and the *Monitor* men having a fellow feeling towards them they have not yet announced the fact that a soldier ticket has been nominated. They do not wish to annoy their readers with such information, especially as it would at the same time be an item unpleasant to the sight of their brethren of the *Journal & American*.

☞The Union State Central Committee—Hon. John Cessna, Chairman—met at Philadelphia on Thursday last, and elected George W. Hamersly, of Philadelphia, and A. W. Benedict, of Huntingdon, Secretaries. There was a full attendance of the Committee, and Major General Hartranft, the Union candidate for Auditor General, was also present. All were confident of success in October by a large majority. A resolution was passed for a Grand Union Mass Meeting, at Williamsport, during the holding of the State Fair.

COINCIDENCE.—It may interest the curious to know that the two rival political candidates for Surveyor General are residents of the same town; that they are both members of the Town Council; that they were each candidates of there respective parties for State Senator in the 22d district; that they were both out in the three months' service—Linton as captain and Campbell as lieutenant; that they together raised a regiment, and that each in succession commanded it.

☞Robberies and murders are said now to be of frequent occurrence on Texan frontier—so frequent that the columns of the newspapers are filled with accounts of them. The people of the interior are getting along well enough, however, and in six counties have already publicly submitted to the Union. The condition of the freedmen is satisfactory. They are rapidly adapting themselves, we suppose, to their new life.

Speech of Maj.-Gen. Hartranft.

The people of Norristown, last week, serenaded the Hero of Fort Steadman, now the Union candidate for Auditor General. After a congratulatory speech by Benjamin F. Hancock, Gen. Hartranft responded to the calls of the people as follows:

"My FELLOW-CITIZENS:—I thank you most sincerely for this compliment to-night. It assures me that you endorse my past public life and that I hold your confidence and support in the public contest soon to be inaugurated. I also thank you Mr. Hancock, for the kind mention of my military history. Of this I will not speak nor detain you but a moment.

"As a soldier I feel it my duty to give my humble aid to the great party which has during the rebellion so nobly supported the Government in the struggle for its existence and national honor. It put forth its strong arm and assisted the Government in filling our depleted ranks. If this had not been done we would still be digging in front of Petersburg, or perhaps been compelled to accept a dishonorable peace. To do this in a righteous cause would have been a disgrace to every soldier. If the soldier is true to himself he must be true to the Union party. His pension list, his bounty for his early enlistment, his right of suffrage, his protection through life, all appeal to him.

"I need not say that every effort should be made now to protect and encourage labor. You well understand that it is the wealth of the nation. And, while this is so, also from patriotic considerations see that the returned soldier is honorably employed. It is the highest favor that can be bestowed upon him or his country.—He will then soon forget his camp life and become an industrious and prosperous citizen.

"The military power of the rebellion is crushed, I may say forever, and the nation looms up amidst the ruins more grand and powerful than it ever seemed before. But *remember* the spirit of rebellion is still alive and must be most carefully guarded. Let it be shorn of all political power, for in that is concealed all its strength and danger.

"I hope soon to see the immense armies of the North and South engaged in civil and peaceful pursuits, all adding their energy to restore our happy, glorious country to its former wealth and prosperity. Allow me again to return my thanks for your compliment."

AFFAIRS IN MEXICO.—A New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* gives the following description of the situation in Mexico: Intelligence, upon which I fear full reliance can be placed, impels me to state that the Imperialists have forced the army of the Republicans from the Rio Grande, and are now occupying the whole country, with the exception of a small portion of Chihuahua, in which Juarez and his government were at last accounts attempting to make a last stand. My informant, who is a Mexican gentleman of high character, has no doubt that the intelligence is correct. The retreat of the Mexicans was rather a panic than otherwise. By a vessel which has just arrived from Guaymas, I have the statement which, taken into connection with the above, looks as if the movement of the French was a simultaneous one. Guaymas is a seaport of the State of Sonora, in Lower California, on the Gulf of that name, and is now held by the French, who have recently tightened their hold on that important maritime point. Taking advantage of our war with Treason, Louis Napoleon pushed his forces into that province, and has now quite a naval force in the harbor, which is one of the best on the Western coast of Mexico. Whether Juarez will be enabled to recover I cannot tell. I do not think he can. And I will not, therefore, be surprised if he should try to obtain entrance into the friendly territories of the United States. Quoting still further from my informant: "We cannot be too grateful to Mr. Seward for keeping us out of this complication. Had he not acted from the first with more than caution, with almost prescience, we should now have our own great triumph over the pro slavery insurgents diminished probably by our connection with the defeated Mexicans, and involved, through the mad counsels of plotting politicians and brave but impulsive soldiers, in what might have widened into the European war." The Mexicans themselves—even the most ardent in the cause of the Republic—fully appreciate the noble action of our Government. They know that many of the Mexicans, alas! too many, have been approached and really seduced by French money, and that with the conjoined power of England, in a naval alliance with France, American interposition would not have saved them from the direful catastrophe. What with Santa Anna's early and entire surrender, and the cooperation of Miramon, and the poverty of the people, and the influence of the clergy, it was impossible for them to hold out." MONTEZUMA.

☞Washington city seems becalmed. During the summer months all who could get away have gone North, and but few have returned. The immense armies congregated here a few weeks ago have disappeared. The herd of office seekers have vanished for a time. The delegations of various kinds which erstwhile seemed likely to be interminable, have flown. Even the "reconstructionists" and pardon seekers have so thinned out that they are now the exception instead of the rule on the Avenue pavement and in the hotel halls. No such quiet has been known here since April, 1861.—One of the last regiments remaining here, passed down the Avenue, homeward bound, on Saturday. People hurried down the side streets and clustered on the corners at the sound of its bugles. Formerly a dozen battalions might march through and the passers by would scarcely deign to turn their heads.—*Wash. Cor.*

☞Advices from the Mexican border to the 19th represent that a curiously fraternal state of affairs exists between our generals on the Rio Grande and certain dignitaries of the Maximilian Government, who it seems have been hobnobbing together and toasting each other in true convivial style. Our generals are reported to be expressing friendship for the empire

Virginia.

Meeting in Richmond-Proposed Reception of President Johnson—Resolutions—Opinions of the People—Slavery Dead, &c.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 30.—The Richmond papers of this morning have been received. A large meeting of citizens was held on Tuesday afternoon, when a series of resolutions were adopted relative to making arrangements for the reception of President Johnson.

The first resolution expresses the loyalty of the people of Virginia, and denounces the wicked efforts of a portion of the press and people of the Northern States to brand the people of the South with perfidy and insincerity in their attempt to re-establish allegiance to the Union.

The second resolution declares that the people acquiesce unreservedly in the absolute abolition of slavery, and desire nothing but to resume the duties of citizenship in the Union.

The third resolution pledges the meeting to support the construction policy of the President, which proposes a restored equality of rights and privileges to all the States, including the power in each to regulate the right of suffrage for itself as distinguished from the reckless and pernicious theories of the socalled radical party.

The fourth resolution recommends the holding of meetings throughout the State, and the adoption of similar resolutions to those of Richmond meeting, that no shadow of suspicion may rest on the people of Virginia.

The fifth resolution compliments Gov. Pierpont for his conciliatory bearing, frank and manly manners, and firm and well-considered statesmanship.

A committee was appointed to extend an invitation to President Johnson to visit Richmond. Speeches were made, and the action of the Government in relation to the late election in Richmond commented upon as wrong and uncalled for.

Removal of all Restrictions on Southern Trade.

WASHINGTON, August 29.

By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, by my proclamation of the 30th and 24th of June, 1865, removing restrictions in part upon internal, domestic, and coastwise intercourse and trade with those States recently declared in insurrection, certain articles were excepted from the effect of said proclamation as contraband of war; and,

Whereas, the necessity for restricting trade in said articles has now in a great measure ceased, it is hereby ordered that, on and after the 1st day of September, 1865, all restrictions aforesaid be removed, so that the articles declared by the said proclamations to be contraband of war, may be imported into and sold in said States, subject only to such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 29th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the independence of the United States the ninetieth.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President:
WM. H. SEWARD, Sec'y of State.

DEATH OF GOV. BROUGH.—Governor John Brough, of Ohio, died at his residence in Cleveland, Monday afternoon, August 28th, after a painful illness of several weeks. He was born in Marietta, Ohio, in 1811, and was self educated, being brought up as a practical printer, to which trade he was apprenticed at an early age. He early entered into local politics, and became very popular among the masses as a public speaker. Indeed, in 1840, he ranked next to Hon. Tom Corwin as the best stump orator in the State, and was a great gard at every political gathering in his own and neighboring districts. He was Auditor of Ohio from 1840 to 1845. In the latter year he engaged extensively in railroad enterprises, and has since been prominently, actively, and successfully connected with several of the Western roads. He was at times President of the Madison and Indianapolis and the Bellfontaine Railroads, in Indiana.—He had always been a strong Democrat until the beginning of the rebellion, when he took strong grounds for the Government. In 1863 he was nominated by the Union Convention as their candidate for Governor against Vallandigham. He was elected by over one hundred thousand majority. Until his sickness he gave to the government all the aid in his power, and carried on the good work commenced by Gov. Dennison to the satisfaction of his people and the Washington authorities. His energy, perseverance, and strong convictions shone out all through his life, but never as strong as when he exercised his gubernatorial office. Lieutenant Governor Charles Anderson (brother of Gen. Anderson) succeeds Gov. B. He has been a soldier, is a splendid orator, and will be a worthy successor of the lamented dead.

☞Paroled prisoners asking pass ports as citizens of the United States, and against whom no special charges may be pending, will be furnished with passports upon application therefore to the Department of State in the usual form. Such passports will, however, be issued upon the condition that the applicants do not return to the United States without leave of the President. Other persons implicated in the rebellion who may wish to go abroad will apply to the Department of State for passports, and the applications will be disposed of according to the merits of the several cases.

☞Jeff Davis, it is now announced, will be tried before a United States Circuit Court. The particular one has not yet been designated, but it is believed that it will be convened somewhere in Virginia—probably Norfolk—with Chief Justice Chase as the presiding judge. Indictments for constructive treason have been already brought against Davis by Grand Juries in the District of Columbia, and at Knoxville.

Items about Home.

Oil Boring.—Boring for oil is progressing in various parts of Mifflin county, with encouraging prospects.

Horse Sale.—A sale of 150 Government horses is advertised to be held at Altoona, on Thursday, September 28th.

Constable Vawn offers a reward of fifty dollars for the arrest of the accused, or twenty-five dollars for either of them.

Soldiers' Monument.—The total receipts acknowledged for the Soldiers' Monument Fund in Juniata county, are $149,90.

Coal in Juniata County.—Fine specimens of coal have been discovered in the upper end of Juniata county. The vein is in the range of the Broad Top and Schuylkill coal fields.

Court.—The ensuing September term of court it is said, will be the most important one that has ever taken place in Juniata county—involving large sums of money.

Seminary.—Twenty-five thousand dollars have been subscribed in Hollidaysburg toward the building and establishing of a first-class seminary or institution of learning, for both sexes. The sum required is $35,000.

Died.—Benjamin E. Stitt, Esq., of Tell township, late a Director of the Poor of this county, and a respected and worthy citizen, departed this life on Tuesday morning, August 29th, after a brief but severe illness.

Sudden Death.—Mr. Allen McPherson, of Altoona, fell dead on Saturday morning at that place. The deceased was subject to spasms or convulsions. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict in accordance with these facts.

"Fat Take."—The Mifflin *Democrat* mentions that Mr. E. B. McCrum, senior editor of the Altoona *Tribune* has purchased a farm four miles from Mifflintown, containing about 175 acres, price $50 per acre. This is a "fat take" for a printer, and is a sign of prosperity.

Coal Discovered.—Coal has been discovered in Perry county, on a farm of Job Harker, in Horse Valley, Toboyne township. It is said to be a vein of about three feet in thickness of hard bituminous coal. He says it is a regular formation vein—that he has explored it on the crop, and is about to sink a drift below in the hill to test it further.

New Railroad.—The survey now being made for the railroad between Clearfield and Philipsburg has established the fact that the summit will be surmounted at an elevation of seventy-five feet to the mile—thus making the grade much lighter than was generally anticipated.

Suicide.—Jabob Lebo committed suicide in Philipsburg, Centre county, on Tuesday. He had been accused of robbing a store on the night before, and in desperation cut his throat. Lebo was well known in Philadelphia some years ago as the keeper of the City Hotel, on Chestnut street, below Third, and latterly as the keeper of an extensive boarding house at Alexandria.

Bloody Affair.—A man named Gore shot a policeman named Holmes, in Johnstown, on Wednesday last, while in an oyster saloon. The policeman had a warrant for Gore's arrest on the charge of stealing a trunk, and followed him into the saloon, where a scuffle ensued in which Holmes was shot in the stomach by Gore. Chase was given to Gore and his friends as soon as the deed was committed, and after a hard race, he and Robinson were captured in Conemaugh borough. They, together with another party named Hessell, were taken to the Ebensburg jail, upon a commitment, charging them with assault and battery with intent to kill.

Burglary in Tell Township.—The Shirleysburg *Herald* of last week says: The house of David Parsons, in Tell township, was entered through a window on Monday night last, and $185 in money and Mr. Parsons best clothing stolen. Suspicion at once rested on two men living in the neighborhood, named Daniel Kissel and Michael Traxler, both returned soldiers. Constable Vawn, assisted by Mr. Shoop, arrested the accused at Price's tavern, near Shade Gap, on Tuesday afternoon; but being very stout men, they succeeded almost immediately in breaking from the officers, and made their escape. Messrs. Vawn and Shoop state that several persons, including the landlord, were present, but refused to render them any assistance, and seemed to be in sympathy with the prisoners.

Kissel is described as a large, well-built man, about six feet in height; sandy complexion, blue eyes; about 28 years of age; resides in Tell township.

Traxler is a well made, heavy set man, about five and a half feet in height; sandy complexion; about fifty years of age; has a family, who live in Lower Black Log Valley; is uncle to Kissel.

☞President Johnson has introduced into the White House the largest family circle that ever occupied the Executive mansion. His family consists of his wife, a son, a son in law, two daughters, and a number of grand children. The son in law is Judge Patterson, recently elected a Senator from Tennessee. Mrs. P., who is to be the lady of the house, was educated at Georgetown, during Mr. Polk's administration, and was then a frequent guest of his family.

NEWS SUMMARY.

☞The Postmaster General has ordered the opening of various post offices in North and South Carolina.

☞Reports received at the department of Agriculture warrant the statement that the potato crop this season will be one of the largest crops ever grown in this country.

☞The traitors of Louisiana who are unwilling to renew their allegiance to the National Government, have resolved to remove to Brazil, there to breed negroes and cultivate sugar cane.

☞The receipts from Internal Revenue for the month of August will probably reach if they do not exceed thirty three millions. Up till date the amount received during the present month is nearly thirty two millions.

☞The cultivation of tobacco in the southern counties of Indiana is said to be rapidly becoming an item of agricultural productiveness. In point of quality it is nearly, if not fully, equal to the best Kentucky. The crop this year is very promising.

☞Guerillas still infest some portions of Mississippi. A party of them lately captured the steamer Keota, robbed the officers and crew and carried away everything portable. Gov. Sharkey has called for the formation of one regiment each of infantry and cavalry in each county to put a stop to such lawless acts.

☞An estimate of the uneducated and ignorant in Virginia has just been officially made. Of whites there are 68,000 and of negroes 400,000. The State is making no effort to provide either for this class of persons nor for its poor. Northern charities are expected to provide for these drawbacks on society, while the wealthy shall have an opportunity to be gathering in the riches for the use of the few.

☞Captain Moore, who has just returned from Andersonville, reports that he enclosed a cemetery there of fifty acres, which contains thirteen thousand graves. Each grave he marked with a proper head board, inscribed with the name, company and regiment of the deceased soldier Only five hundred out of the thirteen thousand graves contain unknown men.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of Armstrong Willoughby, dec'd.]
Letters of administration upon the estate of Armstrong Willoughby, late of Huntingdon bor., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
DAVID BLACK,
sept 6, 1865-6t Administrator.

TO TAX COLLECTORS.
The collectors of State and county taxes are hereby notified to collect the amounts on their duplicates immediately and pay it into the treasury. The large amounts heretofore required for relief to soldiers' families have made it necessary to give this notice, as money is now needed for the current expenses of the county and it must be collected.
M. F. CAMPBELL,
JNO. HOUSHOLDER,
JACOB MILLER,
sep6-3t Commissioners.

A FARM FOR SALE.
THE heirs of Jacob G. Hewitt will sell at private sale a valuable farm, embracing about
One Hundred and Sixty-Five Acres,
situate in Porter township, Huntingdon county, about three and a half miles from Huntingdon, the same from Alexandria and McConnellstown. The quality of this land is of the best limestone; the land is all clear. There is also on it a large brick dwelling house and bank barn, two tenant houses, wagon shed and corn cribs, carriage house, and also an elegant orchard of choice fruit, with pear and cherry trees.
There are also three springs of good water, which are not affected by dry weather. In connection with the farm there is a mountain tract of timber land one mile from the main farm which will be sold along with the farm.
For further particulars, call upon or address the undersigned near Williamsburg.
se6tf G. W. ROLLER.

ATTENTION!
R. S. WESTBROOK & CO.
Would respectfully call the attention of the public to their fresh stock and attractive variety of
GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONERIES,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
FRUIT, NUTS, TOYS,
And in fact everything generally kept in such a store.
They are prepared to sell at the most reasonable prices, and by a close attention to business, and their endeavors to please everybody they hope to gain the good will and patronage of the public.
Their store is located on Hill street, directly opposite the First National Bank, and was formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Saxton. se6-3m

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, the unsecepted and unsold portions of the Real Estate of Hon. John Ker, late of Walker twp. in said county, deceased, will be exposed to public sale on the premises
On Thursday, the 28th September, 1865,
1. All that tract marked with the letter E in the diagram, to the writ of partition or valuation annexed, containing 214 acres, 87 perches, and called the upper farm. About one half of this farm is cleared and under cultivation. Also
FOUR TRACTS OF WOODLAND, to wit:
2. The tract marked in said diagram with the letter K, containing 87 acres, 131 perches.
3. The tract marked L in said diagram, containing 146 acres, 83 perches.
4. The tract marked M in said diagram, containing 117 acres, 147 perches.
5. The tract marked G in said diagram, containing 119 acres, 69 perches.
The five tracts above mentioned are within the said township of Walker.
6. Also, all the interest which said deceased had and held in Milnwood Academy at the time of his decease.
TERMS OF SALE: One half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments thereafter with the interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.
Sale to commence at ten o'clock, A. M., of said day; when and where due attendance will be given by
DAVID S. KER,
Walker twp., Sept. 6, 1865. Trustee.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY
AGRICULTURAL
FAIR!
Huntingdon Co. Agricultural Society
WILL HOLD ITS
SEVENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION
ON THE OLD GROUNDS
AT HUNTINGDON, PA.,
Wednesday, Thursday, & Friday,
OCTOBER 4th, 5th, and 6th, 1865.
A LIST OF PREMIUMS
and the names of the Judges will be published soon.
EXCURSION TICKETS
will be issued at all the stations on the Penn. Railroad between Hollidaysburg and Lewistown, and at all the stations on the Broad Top Railroad.
GRAFFUS MILLER, *Pres't.*
ROBT. MCDIVITT, } *Recording Secy's.*
S. T. BROWN, }
R. M. SPEER, *Corresponding Sec'y.*
Huntingdon, Sept. 5, 1865.

PROF. J. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY,
THE
INDIAN COMPOUND
Internal and External Medicine,
WILL CURE:
☞Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux in one day,
☞Headache and Earache in three minutes.
☞Toothache in one minute.
☞Neuralgia in five minutes,
☞Sprains in twenty minutes,
☞Sore Throat in ten minutes,
☞Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
☞Rheumatism in one day,
☞Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
☞Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
☞Fever and Ague in one day.
☞Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
☞Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
☞Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
☞Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.
Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.
I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more ache and pain, and to accomplish more perfect equilibrium of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.
THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all those complaints whenever there is an opportunity to do so. As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficiency. If you have an ache or pain, it is warranted to do all it purports on the label; otherwise the money will be refunded.
I do not propose to cure *every* disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore, applicable, to the cure or natural restorative of all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nerve vital fluids.
Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, reducing glandular and other swellings in incredible short time, *without any possible danger from its* use under any possible circumstances.
This is an internal and external medicine—composed of roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know what they were.
This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use. J. H. MCENTYRE,
Proprietor, Reading, Pa.
For sale at Lewis' Book Store.
Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 6, 1865.

Farmers take Notice!
THE HUNTINGDON MILLS will stop for repairs about the 8th September, and will remain idle for the period of twelve or fifteen days. All grist or chopping required for the next thirty days had better be brought forward previous to the 8th of next month.
Huntingdon, August 23, 1865. FISHER & SON'S.

JAMES H. ELDREDGE. GEO. F. ELDREDGE.
ELDREDGE & BRO.,
Publishers, Stationers, Booksellers,
No. 17 and 19 South Sixth Street,
(Above Chestnut,) PHILADELPHIA.
Particular attention paid to the country trade.
Always on hand a large supply of Letter, Cap, Note, Bill, and Wrapping Paper; Envelopes; School and Miscellaneous Books; Pens, Ink, Slates, Mucilage, Photograph Albums, Paper Bags, &c., &c., &c.
Liberal terms to cash customers. aug23'65-1y

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of Henry T. White, Esq., dec'd.]
The undersigned, auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county to distribute the fund in the hands of Adolphus White, administrator of Henry T. White, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, to and among those entitled thereto, hereby gives notice that he will attend at his office in the borough of Huntingdon, on SATURDAY, the 23d day of September next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of making said distribution, when and where all persons having claims against the said fund are required to present the same, or be debarred from coming in for any share of the said fund.
au30td THEO. H. CREMER, Auditor.

BRIDGE LETTING.—
The County Commissioners will receive proposals in their office up to one o'clock, on Friday, the 8th day of September 1865, for building a bridge across Aughwick Creek at Meadow Gap, near Weaver's mill. To be an open bridge of one span one hundred feet long, weather boarded at the sides. Abutments to be 12 feet high above low water mark. Plan and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners' office. By order of the Board.
Aug. 30, '65-td. HENRY W. MILLER, Clerk.

NOTICE.
Having retired from business at this place, we take this opportunity of returning our thanks to our many customers, especially our Markelsburg friends who so liberally extended us their patronage, and expect that in thus retiring good feeling may prevail. If we should resume business in this vicinity we hope their custom and goodwill shall again be given us.
☞To delinquents we would say that we desire closing our books soon, and in order to save costs and trouble, immediate settlements are solicited. Those having claims against us will present them.
Markelsburg, Aug. 26. WM. MARCH & BRO.

McENTYRE'S
DANDELION PILLS,
For all diseases arising from one cause, viz: Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Catarrh in the Head, Weak and disordered Stomach, such as Indigestion, Sick Headache, Giddiness of the Head, Weakness of Sight, Windy Ailments, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Pains, Pains in the Back or Side, Nervous Debility, Lowness of Spirits, Impurity of the Blood, Blotches or Eruptions of the Body, Gravel, Worms, &c., &c. Sold at 25 cents per box.
McENTYRE'S
INDIAN VEGETABLE
WORM DESTROYER!
This infallible medicine is warranted to expel worms in all cases and may be given to children of all ages, as they are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless.
☞Can be had at Lewis' Book store, Huntingdon, Pa.

THE JACKSON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
HENRY SMITH, Proprietor.
Huntingdon, Aug. 23, 1865.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
[Estate of John Kough, dec'd.
Letters of Administration upon the estate of John Kough, late of Clay township, Huntingdon county dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the undersigned, and all persons indebted will make immediate payment. C. R. McCARTHY,
Saltillo, Aug 23, 1865-6t. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of Robert Wilson, dec'd.]
Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of Robert Wilson, late of Oneida twp., deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them properly authenticated, for settlement.
HENRY WILSON,
Aug. 23, 1865-6t. Administrator.

1865. PHILADELPHIA 1865
Wall Papers, &c.
HOWELL & BOURKE,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Paper Hangings & Window Shades,
N. E. Corner Fourth & Market sts.
PHILADELPHIA.
N. B.—Always in store a large stock of LINEN and OIL SHADES.
Philadelphia, Aug. 23-3m.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.—The undersigned will meet the teachers and school directors of this county for the public examination of applicants, as indicated in the following table:

Porter tp., and Alexandria bor.,	Aug.	17,	at Alexandria.
Morris township,	"	18,	at Spruce Creek.
Franklin township,	"	19,	at Franklinville
West township,	"	22,	at S. C. Bridge.
Carbon twp., and Coalmont bor.,	"	24,	at Coalmont.
Warriormark township,	"	26,	at Birmingham
Brady township,	"	28,	at Mill Creek.
Walker township,	September	2,	at R. R. Station.
Barree,	"	5,	at Manor Hill.
Jackson,	"	6,	at McAlevy's Fort.
Oneida,	"	8,	at Centre Union S. H.
Henderson,	"	9,	at Union Schoolhouse,
Shirley,	"	11,	at Mount Union.
Union,	"	12,	at Mapleton.
Penn,	"	13,	at Marklesburg.
Hopewell,	"	14,	at Coffee Run.
Juniata,	"	16,	at Bell Crown S. H.
Shirleysburg & Shirley,	"	19,	at Shirleysburg.
Cromwell,	"	20,	at Orbisonia.
Dublin,	"	21,	at Shade Gap.
Tell,	"	22,	at Bollingertown.
Cass and Cassville,	"	26,	at Cassville.
Tod,	"	27,	at Saxtonville.
Clay,	"	29,	at Scottsville.
Springfield,	"	30,	at Meadow Gap.

The examinations will commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., and all applicants for examination will attend at that time.
R. McDIVITT, Co. Supt.
Huntingdon, August 23, 1865.

Another New Lot of Wall Paper,
Just received at Lewis' Book Store.

☞"Slavery viewed from the Bible Stand Point," by Rev. J. M. Adair, for sale at Lewis' Book Store, price 10 cents. tf.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Sept. 6, 1865.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

To the Union Voters of the County.

Now is the time for the Union voter to subscribe for and circulate the Union papers of his county. The terms of the *Globe* are 50 cents for three months, $1,00 for six months, $2,00 for a year—*in advance* Those who subscribe for the *Globe* will find in it more reading matter than in any other paper published in the county. The friends of the party and of its nominees in every township, should exert their influence to give circulation to Union sentiments. Our books are now open for new subscribers.

UNION COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Alexandria—Dr. G. W. Huyett, Wm. M. Phillips.
Barree—Thomas P. Love, John Logan.
Brady—E. A. Green, Winchester McCarthy.
Birmingham—G. W. Owen, John R. Thompson.
Cass—Benjamin Fink, David Steer.
Cassville—R. B. Williams, D. Clarkson.
Cromwell—T. E. Orbison, Abr'm. Carothers.
Carbon—J. F. Ramey, Henry Cook.
Clay—Samuel McVitty, Adam Hester.
Coalmont—G. A. Heaton, J. S. Berkstresser.
Dublin—Henry C. Robinson, Wm. Clymans.
Franklin—J. Wareham Mattern, Bruce Johnson.
Huntingdon—Samuel T. Brown, James Port.
Henderson—John Wakefield, James Hamilton.
Hopewell—William Entriken, John Donaldson.
Juniata—A. Shenefelt, Levi Ridenour.
Jackson—Samuel Steffey, A. Oaks.
Lower West, Collins Hamer, Isaac M. Neff.
Morris—Dr. S. Thompson, Abr'm. Harnish.
Mount Union—Isaac Smith, Isaac Swoope.
Oneida—Charles Green, Wm. Miller.
Penn—John Householder, Philip Garner.
Porter—A. G. Neff, John Huyett.
Petersburg—J. S. McCarthy, Joseph Johnson.
Shirley—George W. Whittaker, Robert Bingham.
Shirleysburg—William B. Less, Peter Myers.
Springfield—Morris Cutchall, Benedict Stevens.
Tell—William Wilson, Jesse Yocum.
Todd—John Kitterman, H. S. Green.
Upper West—Henry Neff, Thomas Montgomery.
Union—John S. Henderson, Richard Chilcote.
Walker—James Ward, Joseph McCoy.
Warriorsmark—B. F. Patton, R. Wills.

A. H. BAUMAN, Chairman County Committee.
JOHN FLENNER, Chairman County Convention.
Mapleton, August 31st, 1865.

Meeting of the County Committee.

The members of the Union County Committee, will assemble at the house of Mr. Long, Franklin Hotel, in the borough of Huntingdon,

On Friday next, the 8th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the transaction of important business.

A. H. BAUMAN,
Chairman of County Committee.
Sept. 4, 1864.

Returned.

Capt. Johnson's company returned home on Tuesday evening last. The boys had been in the service almost seven months, and during that time were engaged in doing guard duty in the Shenandoah valley, Va., but their services being no longer required by the government they were not retained the full term for which they enlisted—one year. While out, Capt. Wm. Johnson was promoted to the rank of Major, and the company which was formerly in the 195th regiment was transferred to the 192d, and ranked as Co. B. In the company were many boys far from the age of manhood, but we learn that they did their duty manfully, and their robust appearance, now, gives them credit to the title of little men. The roughest experience the boys relate was in marching, averaging in that rough and hilly country over twenty-three miles a day. The men express a liking for their officers, and the officers in turn were pleased with the soldierly bearing of the men. We welcome the young men to our midst again, and suggest that they be held in the highest estimation by our citizens.

Our Public Roads.

Now that farmers are through with the hard work of summer, something ought to be done toward repairing the public roads, and putting them into a passable condition. It is very seldom indeed that the roads are to be found in a worse plight than at present. Loose stones and ledges of rocks occupy the wheel tracks, and gutters and gullies formed by the heavy rains still yawn before the traveller. As the country people suffer most from the bad condition of the roads they should see to it that their Supervisors put them in proper order before cold weather sets in.

—Soldiers, be careful of your discharge papers. They are more valuable than your pocket book filled with gold dollars, and to be careful of them you should keep them as private as you would the well filled pocket book. We have seen a few returned men, who, at the slightest opportunity, will bring out their discharge from their pockets merely to show that they served in the army. Speculators who know their worth will attempt to purchase them at a trivial sum; and others, again, a little bolder, will steal them from your pocket, and let you whistle for the compensation. With the loss of your discharge papers, you lose your claims to a good farm, and, perhaps, money enough to stock it, that Uncle Sam will some day furnish.

Prepare for the Fair!

Everybody will come to town, and everybody should bring something along for exhibition in the Fair. There will be lots of sights and lots of fun—and everybody will have a good time generally.

☞Read new advertisements.

Scratchings.

—A long brass door key was found and left at this office. The owner will please call.

—The public schools of this borough commenced on Monday, and will continue in session until the holidays.

—The members of the Standing Stone Lodge of Good Templars, of this place, intend holding a picnic on Saturday next, at the Cottage Grove.—Families represented are invited.

—What we like—the way the Union men in the county are swelling our list of subscribers, with the cash in advance.

—A friend thinks our town must be *progressing* when he sees some of the new buildings taking to themselves *wings*. The buildings referred to are, at least, *flying* upwards rapidly.

—On the outside of this paper will be found an excellent biographical sketch of our candidate for Surveyor General, Col. Jacob M. Campbell.

—The camp meeting at Marklesburg which commenced on Friday, August 25th, ended on Thursday morning last. There was a very good attendance of preachers, members and others.

—We learn that an accident befell the steamer Etna, above Williamsburg, one day last week, in which the stern and propelling wheel were damaged. She is undergoing repairs.

—The last few days have been oppressively hot, the thermomiter ranging about the nineties. It was paying up we suppose for the recent snap of cold weather.

—We were pleased with a visit on Tuesday last from Mr. Durborrow, of the Bedford *Inquirer*. Mr. D. expressed himself pleased with our new office, which he dropped into see. He says the same as everyone else, in this particular, who come to see our "location."

—Harper's Magazine for September has an illustrated poem commencing:

"Sweet is the voice that calls
From babbling waterfalls."

No joke is intended, however.

—The Lutheran Sunday School held a celebration in their church on Saturday afternoon last. We didn't learn particulars, but suppose the children had a pleasant time within the sacred limits.

—It is a scarce but still a pleasant sight to see any of the returned soldiers and officers dressed in their uniform so gay. Indeed, "times have changed wondrous, Jim," since fourteen months ago.

—Noisy characters from other towns and from the country, will take notice that they cannot come to Huntingdon and behave as they please. The borough authorities have appointed a police whose duty it is to arrest all persons misbehaving.

—The fruit-canning season is here. The following "reminiscenee of Canning" by Mrs. Grundy, may not be out of place: Why can persons occupied in Canning Fruit stow away more of it than anybody else? Because they Can.

—Vigilance should be exercised at the railroad depot in the detection of pickpockets that must frequent that place. One gentleman last week had his pocket book stolen, containing $40, but did not miss it until asked for his ticket. Other events have transpired that lead us to suspect that we have a pickpocket or pickpockets in our midst. Hands on your pocket books!

—The excitement in politics in this section is commencing to run high.—Many, we fear, cannot rest "aisy" under the turn things are evidently taking. Gentlemen, keep cool, and don't let your incom(o)modious state of "feelinxs" "go under" the drain of your lively "spirits." If you do, there certainly will be a disagreeable commotion.

—Another westward train of returning soldiers passed through here last week. We believe this was about the last that will pass through, as there are few, if any, more regiments still in the service which were enlisted in the western portion of the State.—The boys go home to toll to loving ones their tales of rough and smooth experience while soldiering for the Union.

—Gen. R. C. McGill insured his Foundry in Alexandria with the Wyoming Insurance Co., on the 11th day of July, 1865. On the 11th day of August it was destroyed by fire, and on the 30th the amount of insurance in full ($1300 00) was paid him by that company. The General thinks that better than an oil strike, and advises owners of property to insure, and to insure with the Wyoming, which pays its losses and pays them promptly.

—Huntingdon county can boast (or not boast, if they please) of two bands of minstrels. Both started out from this place, one composed of white folks (Price's minstrels,) and the other of colored chaps (Snowdon & Holmes ditto); the latter troupe is still traveling and the former we know not of Their object, of course, is fun but we don't know whether their endeavors have been crowned with success, but we do know they crown themselves with an over-topping mass of *wool*. We cannot, however, but wish the "darkey bands" success, as it is nothing more than right to keep the people lively during the election campaign.

Great Remedies.

Prof. McEntyre's Great Remedies—the Indian Compound, the Dandelion Pills, and the Indian Vegetable Worm Destroyer—for sale at Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon.

MARRIED,

On Tuesday, August 29th, by Rev. S. H. Reid, Mr. JOHN MCLAUGHLIN, late Lieutenant of the 53d Regt., P. V. to Miss RACHEL SIMONTON, both of Marklesburg.

On Thursday, August 31st, by the same, Mr. GEORGE W. WILSON, to Miss MARY A. ROLAND, both of Trough Creek Valley.

On the 26th, at Mooresville, Barree township, Mr. JOHN DUNN to Miss CAROLINE STEWART.

DIED,

On Sunday, August 27th, 1865, at the residence of his father, John A. Campbell, in Suez township, Mercer County, Illinois, WILLIAM W. CAMPBELL, aged about 15 years.

The deceased came to his death from the effects of a kick of a horse, in the abdomen, received on the Tuesday morning, previous. His parents and family removed from Mill Creek, in this county, last spring.

On Sunday, the 27th day of August, A. D. 1865, at her residence in Birmingham, Huntingdon Co., Mrs. MARGARET, M. OWENS, wife of Thomas M. Owens deceased, in the 71st year of her age.

In the Hospital at Louisville, Ky., Aug. 22, BENJ. FOUSE, son of Rev. T. Fouse, Markelsburg, and a member of Co. K. 78th Regt., P. V. aged 35 years, 5 months, 17 days.

The deceased enlisted in the military service of his Country in the month of March last. Some two months ago, he was prostrated with fever; having somewhat recovered, he was sent east from Nashville, but was too weak and feeble to get farther than Louisville. There he was taken to the hospital, where in a short time death removed him from his sickness and sorrow.

Mr. Fouse was a very worthy man, a quiet and peaceable citizen; a worthy an obedient son; a kind and affectionate husband, and a faithful and consistent Christian. He leaves his aged father, his wife, and three children, with a large circle of brothers and sisters to mourn his loss. May they all be graciously sustained in their affliction.

[For the Globe.]

OBITUARY.

Died, in the Cumberland Hospital, Nashville, Tenn., on the 16th inst, ALEXANDER STATES, of McConnellstown, member of Co. K, 78th Regt., P. V. I. in the 44th year of his age.

After a lingering illness of two months, during which time hope and fear alternated, and just at the time when the fondest hopes for his recovery were entertained by his comrades, and when his family and friends were looking for him to reach home, suddenly death claimed him for its own.

It is with unspeakable sorrow we chronicle the death of this good man. The circumstances attending his last illness were peculiarly touching. He was attacked with remittent fever, and had so far recovered by the middle of July as to have been able to travel home, of which he constantly spoke and wished to do. For some cause, only known to those in authority, the order for mustering out those in the hospitals who were able to bear transportation to their homes was temporarily suspended; consequently he, as well as hundreds of others, was disappointed in his cherished hope of soon being with his family at home. Later he was seized with Erysipelas in a limb constitutionally weak, gangrene followed, and alas! death. He had lived the life of the righteous and his death was a triumph. He was conscious up to the time of his departure, and his last moments abounded in joyful exclamations in view of death. He said: "blessed be God; I am not afraid to die; I have been washed in the blood of the Lamb." "Yea, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil for thou art with me; thy staff they comfort me." It was a privilege to be by his bedside and witness with what calm and sweet resignation he approached the Jordan of death and with what unfaltering faith and radiant hope he laid his languid and fainting spirit on the breast of Jesus.

To his bereaved and stricken family, though language be too poor to portray their sorrow and the desolation which this event has wrought in their bosoms, it is still amidst their sadness a sweet comfort to be assured that to their husband and father death had no terrors—but like the fathful Paul he could say, "There is laid up for me a crown of righteousness."

In the death of Mr. Alex. States, society and the country have lost a member distinguished for his integrity and uprightness of character, and his unflinching loyalty; the church, one who "loved the gates of Zion;" and the company to which he was attached, one who constantly proved himself the warm hearted, sympathizing comrade and friend. His memory will long live in the hearts of those who knew him, and they will remember him as one who possessed many virtues worthy of imitation, and who in his humble sphere tried to fulfil his duties to his fellow man, his country, and his God.

M. H. S.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 28, 1865.

☞The Southernors in Washington, if not "legion," are at least numerous. I have met many—and mark and make a glad note of it—a most healthful change in comparison with the first-comers here. One of them described the condition of the Southern people by the following remark: "The Confederates are a good deal like a very sick man. The doctor, that is Andy Johnson, comes in and tells us if we don't take the dose he has prepared we will surely die. Then we look at it, smell it, put it away with a nauseating sensation, and at last take it with most fearful grimaces. *I have taken mine, and it has made me a new man.* It is said a man can't get the small-pox twice. I will bet you all I hope to get in this world and the next, that a real rebel will never take that complaint a second time."—*Wash. Cor.*

☞If you want all your descendants for hundreds of years to come to know when you were born, and died, your religion, politics, occupation, descent, your hight, weight, color of hair, color of eyes, &c., &c., and the same of your wife and every one of your children, buy a "Family Record."

JOB PRINTING done at this office.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

To My Fellow Soldiers, and Fellow Citizens of Huntingdon County.

I announce myself to you as an Independent Union Candidate for the office of Associate Judge. And in doing so, you have the right to know who I am, and why I ask your votes.

I was born and reared in Penn township, and am now 32 years of age. Raised a farmer, I followed that pursuit until the commencement of the rebellion, when on the 16th of September, 1861, I enlisted as a private in the company of Capt. J. H. Wintrode in the 53d Regt. P. V., commanded by Col. Brooke. I was engaged in the seven days battles on the Peninsula, at Antietam, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, and the intermediate fights, and on the 14th of October, 1863, a few miles from Bristow Station, Va., I had my right arm nearly shot off, compelling me to have it amputated close to the shoulder, a few hours afterwards. I was then taken to the hospital in Alexandria, where I lay until March 1864, when I was transferred to the Invalid Corps, in which I remained until the 21st of August, 1865, when I was discharged. Having been made Orderly Sergeant, and it being a part of my duty to keep the rolls of the company, I did my writing with my left hand. This is a brief account of my services during the war, and I take pride in referring to my Company and Regimental Officers for my record as a soldier; and as for character as a citizen, I refer to my neighbors at home, irrespective of party.

I am not and never was a politician. I love my country, and am willing to risk my life again in her defence. I claim no honor for what I have done—it was only my duty; but as I am poor, and, having lost my right arm in the service, and unable to earn a livelihood by honest toil, I appeal to the people, soldiers and citizens, to reward those who have been crippled for life in this great struggle to preserve the Government. The soldiers who fought by my side under our glorious flag, and are ready to do so again will not turn from the appeal of their former comrade in arms. If there is anything on earth that sanctifies friendship and proves our common brotherhood, it is the sufferings, the struggle, and the wounds of war. As the great fight is now over, the rebellion suppressed, and peace restored, we should not forget the brave men who won us the victory.

If elected I promise to discharge the duties of the trust with honesty and fidelity; and whether elected or defeated, I shall be none the less true to my country, and her triumphant flag. ANTHONY J. BEAVER.

ASSEMBLY.—

To the Voters of the Representative District Composed of the Counties of Huntingdon, Mifflin and Juniata.

At the earnest solicitations of many of my fellow citizens, I have been induced to offer myself as an independent candidate for the Legislature in this District, composed of the counties of Huntingdon, Mifflin and Juniata. If four years voluntary service in our army for the preservation of our glorious Union, constitute any claims to your suffrage, I ask it of you. For my acts as an officer and soldier, I refer you to the 9th Penna Cavalry during the war. J. M. PORTER.

Alexandria, Aug. 23, '65-tc.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

September, 6.

Fancy and Extra Family Flour	$9,50@10,00
Common and Superfine	$7,00@7,75
Rye Flour	$6,25
Corn Meal	$4,75
Extra White Wheat	$2,30@2,40
Fair and Prime Red	$2,10@2,15
Rye	1,10
Corn, prime Yellow	1,15
Oats	53
Barley	$1,00
Cloverseed, 64 lbs	$9,00
Timothy	$4,00
Flaxseed	$2,00
Wool	62@75
Hides	13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Extra Family Flour Bbl	$10,25
Extra do Cwt	9,25
White Wheat	2,00
Red Wheat	1,90
Rye	1,00
Corn	90
Oats	50
Cloverseed	8,00
Flaxseed	1,70
Dried Apples	2,00
Butter	30
Eggs	20
Lard	30
Ham	35
Shoulder	25
Sides	25
Tallow	10

FALL OF THE WATER-FALLS.—We never could understand why a bag of hair, of sundry sorts, attached to the back of a girl's head, and half the size of it, should be called a water-fall. They resemble no cataract of our acquaintance, from Niagara downward. It makes little difference now, however. They are doomed to fall, for good of all. Occasional falls they have had, but now they are to be shed finally, and the surplus hair may go back to cushions again. An order from Headquarters has reached New York to that effect, and some of the heads of fashion there have already sorted the contents of the water-falls, and arranged their own share according to the new rules.

Fashion orders travel faster than they used to. In Addison's days it took six months for a fashion to pervade England; so that the winter fashion of wearing muffs in the metropolis did not reach Yorkshire till mid-summer. It is not so here. The water-falls will begin to drop off here next week. If, after the tenth of October, we shall see one of our young lady friends followed by a water-fall, we say—to ourselves, of course, for it never does to hint to the fair that they are not in the fashion—Ah, dear, you have not heard the orders.

Bonnets, too, are to be changed. The little sinecures, that have nothing to do but cover the region of the brain, the little shelter tents, open at both ends, mere sheds—water sheds, perhaps—are to be supplanted. The new ones, with not so much to cover, are to be more of a covering. But this is not our subject, and we forbear from digression. Good bye, water-falls.

☞Justices' and Constables' Fee Bills for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on South east corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.
may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

A SUPERIOR REMEDY.—We can conscientiously recommend to those suffering from a distressing cough, Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam. It gives relief almost instantaneous, and is withal not disagreeable to the taste. There is no doubt but the Mellifluous Cough Balsam is one of the best preparations in use, and is all that its proprietor claims for it. We have tried it during the past week, and found relief from a most distressing cough. It is prepared by Dr. Strickland, No. 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati. O., and for sale by druggists.

PUBLIC SALE of REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of the authority given to me by the last Will and Testament of Henry Miller, of Tod township, deceased, I will expose to public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, September 30th, 1865,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following valuable Real Estate:

A TRACT OF LAND, lying in Tod township, Huntingdon County, Penna., about one mile north of Eagle Foundry on the road to Newberg; containing 248 acres, having about 200 acres cleared and in high state of cultivation. This farm has two good dwelling houses, a large bank Barn, nearly new, good Wagon house, Corn Crib, and all the necessary buildings; Also a young Orchard, good fences and is in excellent condition. It is bounded by lands of John Griffith, George Keith and Fisher's heirs. It lies in the heart of a fine agricultural region and but three miles from Broad Top City where there is always an excellent market. Some of the adjoining farms are limestone, and the land of this farm, is fertile and productive, and produces good crops. It is a fine property—such as is rarely offered for sale—and the title is indisputable. There are about 50 acres of good Oak and Chestnut timber.

TERMS OF SALE—One third of the purchase money to be paid on delivery of Deed, at Huntingdon, on the 14th of November, next, and the balance in two equal annual payments from that date with interest, to be secured by Judgment Bonds of the purchaser.

ISAAC COOK,
Executor of Henry Miller, dec'd.
Eagle Foundry, Aug. 23, '65-ts.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

The undersigned by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon County, will offer for sale, on the premises

On Saturday, the 30th day of September,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., a valuable farm situated in Franklin township, in the said County, a mile and a half from the mouth of Spruce Creek, containing one hundred and forty-one acres and sixty perches, of which there are 110 acres cleared, and the balance well timbered.

The farm has upon it a good frame house, and a frame barn, and lies in the best producing region of the county.

TERMS—One third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

JOHN G. WEIGHT,
ABRAHAM WEIGHT.
Aug. 23, 165-5t* Admr's of Daniel Weight.

Public Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER will sell at public sale on the premises,

On Thursday, August 31, 1865,

A Farm of 300 ACRES, situate in Brady township, Huntingdon county, on Mill creek, four miles above the village of Mill Creek, 125 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation—30 acres being good meadow. There are also 15 acres good pine and oak timber. The improvements are a good frame house, log barn, corn crib, wagon shed, and other outbuildings;—a tenant house, saw mill, and two good apple orchards. The farm is well watered.

Terms made known on day of sale, by
Mill Creek, aug16td DIXSON HALL.

A FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscribor offers his farm at private sale in Oneida township, and within five miles of the borough of Huntingdon, containing two hundred acres; about one hundred acres cleared, the remaining part is well timbered with White pine, White and Chestnut Oak, Hickory and Sugar. The buildings consist of a two story house, bank barn, and other necessary out buildings. There is a good apple and peach orchard thereon, and a never failing spring convenient to the house. This farm lies on the banks of Stone Creek, with about forty acres of good bottom land and is well calculated for a stock farm. Apply soon if you want a bargain. A. P. WHITE.
August 16, '65-3t.*

HORSE, CARRIAGE, & HARNESS FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale a four year old MARE—a splendid animal, sound in all its parts, and a fast traveller. Also, a good ton BUGGY, and a new and complete set of HARNESS. LEOPOLD BLOOM.
Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865.

Farm For Sale.

THE undersigned offer the Farm on which they reside, in West township, Huntingdon county, at private sale. It is situated three miles from Petersburg, and the same distance from Railroad and canal. It contains three hundred and forty-nine acres and allowance; good buildings, and about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and well adapted for a stock farm.

J. S. MAGUIRE,
aprill9,1864-tf. RACHEL MAGUIRE.

NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the last will and testament of JOHN HEWITT, late of West township, deceased, having been this day granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted are hereby notified to make payment, and those persons having claims to prese t them

BENJ. F. HEWITT,
Huntingdon, Aug. 16, '65-6t-$ Administrator.

BILL POSTER.

The undersigned offers his services to business men and others desiring circulars distributed or handbills posted. He can be seen at the GLOBE office.
Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865. JOHN KOPLIN.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Society.

THE Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society will hold its Exhibition on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, September 26, 27, 28 and 29, 1865, at

WILLIAMSPORT, LYCOMING COUNTY.

Any information desired will be given, upon personal application or by letter to the undersigned at Norristown, or A. BOYD HAMILTON, President, Harrisburg.

The office of the Society will be open at Williamsport on and after the 5th of September.

A. BROWER LONGANECKER,
Norristown, Aug. 1, 1865. Secretary.

Pollock's Philadelphia College.

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.
Incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania.
Located on the N. W. Corner of 7th and (701) *Chestnut sts.* (701)

Designed exclusively to impart a thorough and PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION.

All classes of persons require such an education. Those possessing means, need it in conducting *their own* business Those without means need it in obtaining and creditably filling lucrative positions in the *employ of others.*

The course of instruction and practice is arranged so as to fully meet the diversified wants of every department of DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN TRADE,

as comprehended or embraced under the three general divisions of Industry: Agriculture, Manufacture and Commerce.

Each student is instructed individually in both theory and practice of Book Keeping, according to the most approved and labor saving methods. Business Penmanship, Calculations, and all the collateral branches of a complete course of business education; and upon passing a satisfactory examination is awarded, by authority of law, a diploma, under the corporate seal of the college.

Students are received at any time. And it is believed that a practical experience of over TWENTY YEARS will be considered by the public an ample guarantee of the practical character of the course and efficiency of the instruction.

All further information desired can be obtained at the college, or by addressing the Principal for a circular by mail.

☞A liberal discount is allowed to wounded and honorably discharged soldiers. The college is open day and evening.

T. H. POLLOCK, Att'y-at-Law,
Jy12,1865 Principal.

DR. VENARD'S STAR MAGIC LINIMENT.

$1000 REWARD will be paid for any medicine that excels this for the following diseases:

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Affections, Contracted Joints, Cholic Pains, Pains in Side or Back, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, and all Diseases of the Muscles, Skin and Glands.

This is an Internal and External Medicine, composed of Roots, Herbs and Barks such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints, if we only know what they were. This has been a subject for constant study with the Medical Faculty for a great many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what portions to use.

This wonderful remedy needs no recommendation save the results which invariably follow its application.

☞This popular remedy is fast coming into use from the fact that it gives good satisfaction.

☞PHYSICIANS are invited to test its efficacy in all cases of Rheumatism, Affections of the Spinal Column, and all Diseases of the Skin, Muscles and Glands. It has been used in thousands of instances under the personal supervision of the Inventors, and has never disappointed their expectations. All we ask for it is a trial—experimental proof—not the testimony of the men of straw, are the vouchers we desire to present to the public.

It would be well for many now lying in beds of torture, if these facts could reach their sick chambers. It is more important to them than to the inventors that this should be the case. "Truth is mighty and must prevail."

☞Keep it in your family, for sickness comes when you least expect it.

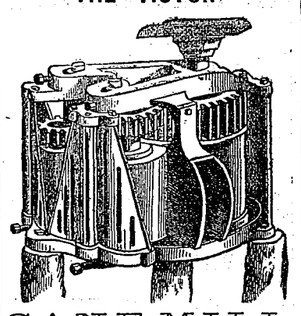
PRICE--ONE DOLLAR.

SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
SOLE AGENT, HUNTINGDON, PA.
Huntingdon, Pa., July 19, 1865.

ENVELOPES, wholesale and retail, for sale LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

1865. 1865.

THE "VICTOR"



CANE MILL.

NEW. TRIUMPHANT AT STATE FAIRS!

COOK'S

SUGAR EVAPORATOR.

MOST RAPID EVAPORATOR IN THE WORLD!

"SORGO HAND-BOOK," FREE.

CANE SEED, by the lb or bushel, FOR SALE AT COST!

Prince & Co's New AUTOMATIC ORGANS. The greatest triumph of the age!
New style MELODEONS, with improvements.
Grover & Baker's FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

Send for Circulars, &c. Free.

A. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Sole Agent,
aug9-3m James Creek, Huntingdon co., Pa.

R. M'BURNEY. E. P. THOMPSON.

M'BURNEY & THOMPSON,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 148 Market st.

PHILADELPHIA.

ulyl2,1865-3m.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned will sell forthreasonable price the following real estate situate in DUBLIN Township, Huntingdon county, belonging to Mrs. Eliza M. Pym:

No. 1.—Adjoining lands of James Neely, William Stewart, and others, containing one hundred and sixteen acres and sixty-five perches, more or less.

No. 2.—Adjoining lands of James Neely, James Kelly, and James Cree, containing seventeen acres, more or less.

No. 3.—Adjoining the above and containing seventeen acres and thirty-six perches, part whereof is cleared.

The real estate above mentioned was purchased by Mrs. Eliza M. Pym at Sheriff's sale of the property of William Campbell.

Any person wishing to purchase the above properties can ascertain the full particulars and terms of sale by calling on H. C. Robson, Esq., of Shade Gap, or

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
Huntingdon, July 12, 1865. Attys. for E. M. Pym.

Exchange Hotel,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

WM. C. MCNULTY, PROPRIETOR,
Formerly of the Franklin Hotel, Chambersburg.

TERMS LIBERAL.

may3, 1865-1y.

NOW OPEN,

WHARTON & MAGUIRE'S

NEW

Hardware Store,

IN THE BROAD TOP DEPOT BUILDING.

The public generally are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere.
Huntingdon, June 28, 1865.

LOTS FOR SALE

IN

WEST HUNTINGDON, PA.

APPLY TO

WM. DORRIS, JR.,
Agent for J. E. Thomson.
Huntingdon, June 20, 1865.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.

Z. YENTER,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything *in his line.* His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.

☞His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.
Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, June 7, 1865.

NEW STORE, AND NEW GOODS. CHEAPEST CLOTHING in Town

LEOPOLD BLOOM

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW STYLES OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which he offers to the public

AT THE CHEAPEST RATES.

His stock consists of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c. &c.

His store is at the

OLD BROAD TOP CORNER, HUNTINGDON, PA.,

Where he will be pleased to receive and accommodate all customers, LEOPOLD BLOOM.
Huntingdon, May 10, 1865.

GOOD NEWS!

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!!

THE success of our armies and the consequent decline in the price of gold and other commodities, enable me to send

GOOD TIDINGS TO THE BLACKSMITHS,

and all others who buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, &c.

Having moved my store to the large and commodious Bricker Store Room, I have received a large assortment of WAGON TIRE, HORSE SHOE IRON, round and square BAR IRON, bought from the makers since the decline in gold, which I am selling at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

All persons wishing to buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, LOCKS, PAINTS, GLASS, or any kind of HARDWARE for cash, will save money by sending their orders, or calling at the Hardware Store of

JAMES A. BROWN,
April 5, '65. Huntingdon, Pa.

GEO. W. SWARTZ,

Clock & Watch Maker,

At the old stand of Swartz & McCabe,

HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.

my10,1865-6m

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

MRS. R. J. SAGER'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.

CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.
Huntingdon, May 17, '65-tf.

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN N. BAILE

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865-tf.

PIANOS & MELODIANS FOR SALE

NO CABINET ORGANS.

Not a Sole Agent.

PROFESSOR HUGH COYLE, offers for sale the celebrated PIANOS of STECK & CO., New York, which he considers cannot be surpassed in touch or tone: bility by any instrument in the market.

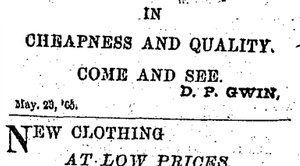
Notwithstanding Steinway & Co's. instruments are considered superior by certain agents, the Professor can only pronounce them good, for there is an uncertainty in the tone which he will not recommend. As Steck is the only manufacturer that gives a PRINTED GUARANTEE for the durability of his instrument, I have no hesitation in recommending the same.

Prof. Coyle is a judge, from the fact that he has had twenty years experience in teaching music, which of itself qualifies him to recommend any instrument, but Steck's in particular.

The community can use their discretion in purchasing instruments, but Professor Coyle feels himself a judge, and notwithstanding all fictitious advertisements, he would recommend Steck & Co's. in preference to all others.

Huntingdon, May 24, 1865-3m PROF. H. COYLE.

Pianos, Organs, and Melodeons.



THE undersigned respectfully informs the public, that, having obtained from the manufacturers, the sole Agency for the sale of STEINWAY & SONS PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS, he is prepared to furnish instruments to persons wishing to buy at the retail prices in Philadelphia and New York.

N. B. Every instrument warranted for five years.

He is also sole agent for the celebrated SEWING MACHINES OF GROVER & BAKER, and would respectfully request persons wishing to buy Machines to call and examine his before purchasing others, as they are unequalled by any Machine manufactured.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Opposite D. P. Gwin's Store.
May 17, '65-tf. Huntingdon, Pa.

HARDWARE

AND

CUTLERY!

AN

IMMENSE STOCK

AND

ENDLESS VARIETY

OF

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.

NOW OPEN

AND FOR SALE BY

JAS. A. BROWN,

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
Huntingdon, June 7, 1865

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN,
May. 23, '65.

NEW CLOTHING

AT LOW PRICES.

M. CUTMAN

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW *SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,* Which he offers to all who want to be

CLOTHED,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for

MEN AND BOYS,

ALSO;

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cute clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.

MANUAL GUTMAN.
Huntingdon, May. 17, '65.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO.

HAVING PURCHASED the entire stock of Wm. Colob, we now offer to the public at reasonable prices our immense stock of

MECHANICAL, RELIGIOUS, SCHOOL, AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

STATIONERY, POCKET BOOKS, PORTMONAIS, &c.

Also, Latest Styles of

WALL PAPER & WINDOWSHADES,

MAGAZINES, and Daily and Weekly

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

25 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!

SIMON COHN,

AT COFFEE RUN STATION,

Would respectfully call the attention of his old patrons specially, and the public in general, to his extensive stock of well selected new Goods, just received from the Eastern cities, consisting, in part, of

Dry Goods,
Clothing, Wool
en Ware, Notions,
Hats and Caps, Boots and
Shoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Circu-
lars, Hardware, Queensware, Gro-
ceries, Wood and Willow-ware, Tobacco,
Segars, Nails, Glass, Provisions,
Oil, Fish, Salt, Tinware, Cop-
per Ware, Drugs and
Medicines, Clocks,
Watches, &c.,

and all other articles kept in a first class try store; all selected with the greatest care and which were purchased for cash only, and affords him to sell them at a very low figure. The public will find it to their advantage to call and *examine* our unsurpassed stock, before purchasing elsewhere. No pains will be spared in showing our Goods. Ladies are specially invited to examine our large stock of fashionable dress goods; Shawls, Circulars, Furs, and a great variety of Woolen Goods, Hosiery, &c. Also, a handsome assortment of LADIES' COATS

All kinds of produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices—Cash not refused. By strict attention to the wants of customers, we hope to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which we have been heretofore favored. Come one and all, and TRY.

☞ New Goods received daily.

May10 1865. SIMON COHN.

1865. CLOTHING. 1865.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon april 12, '65.

WAR FOR THE UNION.

NEW ORLEANS, St. LOUIS, MEMPHIS, NORFOLK, &c. TAKEN.—ASHBY SLAIN, AND THE BACK-BONE OF "SECESH" BROKEN

But while you rejoice at the success of our gallant troops, and the prospect of the speedy downfall of the Rebel Army, do not forget to call at the store of

WALLACE & CLEMENT,

before purchasing elsewhere, and see our new stock goods, consisting of

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Boots and Shoes,
Queensware,
Crockeryware,
Tobacco, Segars,
Hams,
Flitch,
Shoulders,
Fish,
Flour,
Salt,

and a general assortment of notions, all of which feed on reasonable terms for cash or produce.

Huntingdon, July 1, 1863.

FRUIT TREES,
ORNAMENTAL TREES,
SHADE TREES,
GRAPE VINES,
PLANTS, &C.,

At the nurseries of Taylor & Cremer

Who offer their stock of well grown and thrifty TREES, VINES, PLANTS, &c., at their old prices. The expense of grafting and planting this stock having been incurred before the outbreak of the rebellion *when the price of labor was low*, they can afford to sell these Trees at 50 per cent. less than they can sell the same kind of trees next year. While other Nurserymen have raised their prices about 50 per cent., these still sell at the old rates this year; that is to say—Apple Trees, $15, $18, and $20 per hundred, according to size, &c. Standard Pear 50 to 75 cents each. *Dwarf Pear, 50 to 75 cents each, and* $30 to $45 per hundred. Plum and Apricot, at 40 to 50 cents each. Also, Peach, Cherry, Quince and other trees; Grape Vines, Lawton Blackberry, Raspberry, and Strawberry plants, Dahlia roots, and Shade and Ornamental Trees—all at the old rates.

Money invested in fruit trees is sure to yield a good return. Now is your time to order trees.

Address, THEODORE H. CREMER,
feb9, 1865* Huntingdon, Pa.

NEW STOCK OF GOODS.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AT

S. S. SMITH'S STORE,

ON HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

THE BEST
SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,

and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for *medical purposes.*
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

and a large number of articles too numerous to mention. The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.

S. S. SMITH.

Huntingdon, June 7 '65.

ACENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1868.

M'MANIGAL'S LIVERY STABLE.

MONTGOMERY STREET,

Between the Baptist and Catholic Churches,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are informed that the subscribor is prepared at his New LIVERY STABLE, *to accommodate all with HORSES, BUGGIES, & CARRIAGES* at reasonable rates, on short notice.

HENRY M'MANIGALL.

Huntingdon, March 8, 1865–1y.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill treet, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1865.

New Furniture Establishment.

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture,

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, between Cunningham's Store and Dean's National House, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges *reasonable.*

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

☞ Funerals attended at any place in town or country, by

Huntingdon, Sept. 24, 1862-tf J. M. WISE.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

E. O. & G. W. COLDER.

HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1865-tf.

FISHERS' COLUMN.

THOS. FISHER. H. G. FISHER. T. C. FISHER.

FISHER & SONS

HUNTINGDON, PA.

STAPLE & FANCY DRY-GOODS, ETC., ETC.

—o—

A *HANDSOME STOCK of GOODS,* of all kinds, is now open for the inspection of the public, and we cordially invite all our Customers and the public *generally, to call and be convinced that we are unequalled* in the quality, taste, style, and prices of our Goods.

We request the public to bear in mind that we purchase principally from first hands in New York, pay CASH for all we buy, and cannot be rivalled in our facilities for opening for public use, a stock of General Merchandise.

HUNTINGDON MILLS.

—o—

GRAIN, FLOUR, AND FEED.

—o—

WE ARE PREPARED TO PURchase all kinds of GRAIN, for which we will pay the highest cash prices, and will have for sale at all times, FLOUR, FEED, &c.

PLASTER! PLASTER!!

—o—

WE HAVE an IMMENSE STOCK of PLASTER; an ample supply for this and neighboring counties! Having a Mill expressly for grinding it, we can produce finer and more desirable stock than can usually be had.

SALT! SALT!

—o—

WE OFFER 500 BBLS. of SPLEN*did ONONDAIGA SALT, unequalled in quality and price.*

G. A. Salt in sacks is also kept constantly on hand.

10 Bbls. No 1 MACKEREL
10 " No. 2 "
10 " No. 3 "
15 Half Bbls. No. 1 "
20 " " No. 2 "
10 " " No. 3 "

Quarter Barrels and Kits, of all numbers, are also offered.

SUMAC. SUMAC.

—o—

WE ARE AT ALL TIMES PREpared to buy SUMAC; will pay cash, or trade, as desired

FLAX. FLAX.

—o—

THE HIGH PRICES RULING FOR Cotton Goods has compelled public attention to be more especially directed to the culture of Flax. It can be made by some attention, one of the most valuable products a farmer can produce; an acre readily producing 50 to 60 Dollars worth of fibre and seed. Great care should be taken by growers have their Flax spread very thin when rolling; when watered sufficiently on one side, it should be turned, and subject to exposure until all the stalks get a grey color, and the lint readily separates from the wood by a gentle rub.

It should on a very dry day be tied in bundles, and is then ready for the mill. As a general thing too much seed is sown on an acre. Unless the ground is very rich one Bushel per acre is sufficient. If the ground is very strong one and one fourth bushel is ample.

Dec 16, 1863.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

J. D. CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office in the Brick Row, nearly opposite the Court House. [April 15, 1863.

W. A STEPHENS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

OFFICE.—In Treasurer's room in Court House—up stairs.

Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1863.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the store of D. P. Gwin, in the square, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. April 13, 1864.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Read's *Drug Store.* Aug. 23, '65.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectionories, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

OLD BRASS AND COPPER taken in exchange for goods at the Hardware Store Sept. 3, 1862. JAS. A. BROWN

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicina purposes at S. S. SMITH'S.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices. A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, april 12, 1865.

READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

JULY 20, 1865.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00 and 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., arriving at New York at 10 00 A. M., and 3 00 and 10 30 P. M.

The above connect with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 and 8 15 a. m. trains, without change.

Leave for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 15 A. M., and 1 45 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal stations only.

Way Trains, stopping at all points, at 7 25 A. M., and 4 40 P. M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, and 8 P. M. Philadelphia at 8 A. M., and 3 30 P. M; Pottsville at 8 15 A. M., and 2 55 P. M; Tamaqua at 3 15 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., and Reading at 1 a. m., 7 35 and 10 45 A. M., 1 38 and 6 05 P. M.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.00 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 5.00 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6 and 10 55 A. M., for Ephrata, Lititz, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 9 P. M., Philadelphia, 3 15 P. M., Pottsville 7 30 A. M., Tamaqua 7 A. M., Harrisburg 8 15 A. M., and Reading at 1 00 a. m., for Harrisburg.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

Reading, July 19, 1865. G. A. NICOLLS, *General Superintendent.*

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD. MAIL,	EXPRESS,	PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD MAIL,	EXPRESS,	HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION.
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
5 17	4 50	11 55	.....	N. Hamilton,	9 51	.....	2 10
5 26	4 58	12 03	.....	Mt. Union,	9 42	10 25	2 10
5 35	.....	12 20	.....	Mapleton,	.....	.....	2 20
5 43	5 16	12 20	.....	Mill Creek,	9 25	9 46	1 55
5 59	5 31	12 48	6 48	Huntingdon,	9 12	9 35	1 40
6 15	5 46	1 08	.....	Petersburg,	8 56	9 20	1 22
6 23	.....	1 20	.....	Barree,	.....	.....	1 14
6 31	6 02	1 32	.....	SpruceCreek,	8 41	9 07	1 07
6 49	.....	1 54	.....	Birmingham,	.....	.....	12 50
6 58	6 29	2 05	.....	Tyrone,	8 17	8 43	12 40
7 08	6 39	2 20	.....	Tipton,	8 06	.....	12 28
7 14	.....	2 28	.....	Fostoria,	.....	.....	12 22
7 19	6 50	2 35	.....	Bell's Mills,	7 56	8 25	12 17
7 40	7 30	3 00	8 15	Altoona,	7 40	8 10	12 00
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 9 40 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 11 01 P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 2 35 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 3 57 A. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 30 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 A. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 44 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 P. M.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Wednesday, JUNE 14, 1865, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS. EXPRESS. P. M.	MAIL. A. M.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	NORTHWARD TRAINS. EXPRESS P. M.	MAIL. P. M.
LE 6 10	LE 8 00	Huntingdon,	AR 12 01	AR 6 20
6 27	8 17	McConnellstown,	11 44	5 57
6 34	8 24	Pleasant Grove,	11 37	5 50
6 48	8 38	Marklesburg,	11 23	5 36
7 02	8 52	Coffee Run,	11 10	5 22
7 09	8 59	Rough & Ready,	11 03	5 14
7 21	9 11	Cove,	10 49	5 05
7 25	9 15	Fisher's Summit,	10 45	5 00
AR 7 40	AR 9 30	Saxton,	LE 10 30	LE 4 45
LE 7 50	LE 9 40		AR 10 20	AR 4 35
8 10	10 00	Riddlesburg,	10 06	4 15
8 18	10 08	Hopewell,	9 52	4 07
8 20	10 20	Piper's Run,	9 40	3 55
8 45	10 35	Hamilton,	9 25	3 40
8 57	10 47	Bloody Run,	9 13	3 28
AR 9 00	AR 10 50	Mount Dallas,	9 10	LE 3 25

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 10 40		Saxton,	AR 9 20	4 30
0 55		Coalmont,	9 05	4 15
11 00		Crawford,	8 55	4 05
AR 11 10		Dudley,	LE 8 50	4 00
		Broad Top City,		

Huntingdon June 14, 1865. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.

CHEAP PUMPS.

JAMES A. BROWN, Huntingdon, Pa., sells Patent Wooden Pumps for cisterns and wells, from 4 to 60 feet deep, at about one half the usual price for old fashioned pumps. All pumps warranted.

Aug. 3 '64.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

BOOKS

For Sale at Lewis' Book Store,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

—o—

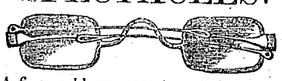
Annals of the Army of the Cumberland.
Rebel Invasion of Maryland and Pennsylvania, and the Battle of Gettysburg.
Pictorial History of the Wars of the U. S.
Washington and his Generals.
Kane's Arctic Explorations, 2 volumes.
Webber's Wild Scenes and Wild Hunters.
Field's Scrap Book.
Coal and Coal Oil, by Eli Bowen.
Chambers Information for the People, 2 Vols.
Life and Public Services of Abr'm. Lincoln.
Partons Life of Andrew Jackson, 3 volumes.
General Butler in New Orleans, by Parton.
Jackson and New Orleans, by Alex. Walker.
Irving's Life of Washington, 5 volumes.
Life of John Fitch, by Thompson Westcott.
Smucker's Life & Times of Alex. Hamilton.
Taylor's Life and Travels of Von Humboldt.
Opportunities for Industry and Capital, or 1000 Chances to Make Money.
Freedley's Practical Treatise on Business.
Sinding's History of Scandinavia.
Walker's Rhyming Dictionary.
Good's Book of Nature.
Ovid, [literally translated,] by H. T. Riley.
Beauties and Achievements of the Blind.
Stewart's Freemason's Manual.
Webb's " Monitor.
Davis' " "
Cross' Masonic Chart.
Shakspeare's Complete Works.
What Can Woman Do, by T. S. Arthur.
The Withered Heart, do.
The Deserted Wife, by Mrs. E. Southworth.
Pencil Sketches, by Miss Leslie.
The Lawyer's Story, by J. A. Maitland.
Diary of an Old Doctor, do.
The Wanderer, do.
Adam Bede, by George Elliot.
Courtship and Matrimony, by Robert Morris
Parisian Pickings, by Julie De Marguerittes
Richard Penn Smith's Miscellaneous Works
Horse Shoe Robinson, by J. P. Kennedy.
Father and Daughter, by Fredrika Bremer.
Fashion and Famine, by Mrs. Ann Stephens
Mary Derwent, do.
Peculiar, by Epes Sargent.
Anecdotes of Love, by Lola Montez.
Age of Chivalry, by Thomas Bulfinch.
Tale of a Tub, &c., &c., by Dean Swift.
The Initials, a Story of Modern Life.
The Methodist, by Miriam Fletcher, 2 vols.
The World's Laconics; or Best Thoughts of Best Authors, in Prose and Poetry.
Robert Houdin, the Magician, by Mackenzie
Skirmishing, a Novel.
Letters to Young Ladies, by Rev. J. Bennett
Ladies' Guide to Perfect Gentility.
Dime Book of Etiquette.
The Reason Why—Natural History.
Daring and Suffering, by Lieut. Pittenger.
Titcomb's Letters to Young Folks.
" Lessons in Life.
" Letters to the Joneses.
" Gold Foil.
" Bitter Sweet.
The Trial, or More Links of the Daisy Chain
Book of Nonsense, by Edward Lear.
Nasby Papers, [Comico-Politico-Religico.]
The Ladies' Work-Table Book.
Zulu Land, by Rev. Lewis Grout.
Dutch and English Testament.
Bunyan's Pilgrim Progress.
" Holy War.
The Three Mrs. Judson's and other Daughters of the Cross, by Rev. D. Eddy.
Strickland's Life of Jacob Gruber.
Shadow on the Hearth, by Rev. N. Rice.
Defence of Armageddon, by F. E. Pitts.
The Great Consummation, by Cummings.
Louis Napoleon and the Battle of Armageddon, by Rev. M. Baxter.
Condensed Concordance to the Scriptures.
Thoughts of Favored Hours, by J. Copoly.
Cobbet's 13 Sermons on Great Sins.
Headley's Sacred Plains.
McIlvaine's Evidences of Christianity.
Dealings with the Dead.
Slavery Viewed from the Bible Stand-Point, by Rev. J. M. Adair.
Union Bible Dictionary.
The Broken Bud, or the Reminiscences of a Bereaved Mother.
Bomberger on Infant Salvation and Baptism.
The Death of Little Children, by S. Prime.
The Morning of Life.
The Faded Hope, by Mrs. L. H. Sigourney.
The Guardian Angels, or Friends in Heaven, by Mrs. Sarah Gould.
The Daughter of Affliction, a memoir of the Protracted Sufferings and Religious Experience of Miss Mary Rankin.
Barnes' Family Prayers.
Jay's Family Prayers.
Fleetwood's Life of Christ.
Shelley's Poetical Works.
Affection's Gift for the Loving and the Loved, by J. Cole Hagen.
The New Fortune Teller, or the Poetical Fate Book.
Mrs. Hale's Receipts for the Million.
The Philadelphia Housewife, or Family Receipt Book.
Widdifield's New Cook Book.
Soyer's Standard Cookery.
Miss Acton's Modern Cookery.
Dime Cook and Recipe Books.
Household Economy, by M. G. St. Jean.
The Family Doctor, by Prof. Taylor, M. D.
Downing's Fruit and Fruit Trees of America.
The Farm; Manual of Practical Agriculture
The Garden, do do Horticulture
The Barnyard, a Manual of Cattle, Horse, and Sheep Husbandry.
A Method of Increasing the Yield of the Milch-Cow, by John Nefflen.
Mayhew's Illustrated Horse Management.
" " Doctor.
The Horse and His Diseases, by Jennings.
Rarey's Practice of Horse Taming.
Both Sides of the Grape Question.
Mysteries of Bee-Keeping, by M. Quinby.
Economic Cottage Builder, by C. P. Dwyer.
Bannan's Wages and Labor Calculator.
Scribner's Ready Reckoner and Log Book, for Lumber Merchants, Ship Builders and Boat Builders.
Scribner's Assistant for Farmers, Millers, Produce Dealers and Mechanics.
Rohrer's Practical Calculator.
Engineers' and Mechanics' Pocket Book, by Chas. H. Haswell.
Arrowsmith's Paper Hanger's Companion.
The Company Clerk, by Capt. A. V. Kautz.
United States Army Regulations.
Infantry and Cavalry Tactics.
Tax Law and Stamp Duty Cards.
Pocket Maps of United States, Pennsylvania, and the Western States.
Mitchell's New Traveller's Guide through the United States and Canadas.
Constitution of the United States.
Freedley's Legal Adviser.
Everybody's Lawyer, by Frank Crosby.
The Secret Out, or 1000 Tricks with Cards, and other Recreations.
Book of Drawing-Room Plays, by S. Steele.
The Sociable, or 1001 Home Amusements.
Hoyle's Games: Chess, Backgammon, &c.
Checker's Simplified and Explained by D. Scattergood.
Spectropia; or Surprising Spectral Illusions, showing Ghosts everywhere, and of any Color, with Sixteen Illustrations.
Dime, and other Letter-Writers.
The Teacher, (Phonographic.)
The Reporter's Companion, (Phonographic.)
Pitman's Manual of Phonography.
How to Talk, a Manual of Conversation and Debating.
Walker's Elocution and Oratory.
McElligott's American Debater.
Whately's Selection of Synonyms.
Davies' Logic and Utility of Mathematics.
Gilfillan's Literature and Literary Men.
Brown's Grammar of English Grammars.
Page's Theory and Practice of Teaching.
Holbrook's Normal Method of Teaching.
Wickersham's School Economy.
Elocutionary Manual, by Hiram Corson.
Mangnall's Comprehensive Summary of History, &c., &c., &c.

☞ Also, an assortment of Juvenile and Cheap Publications.

Anthon's Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.
Sander's German and English Primer.
Northend's Little Speaker.
Dime Speakers and Dialogues.
Fowne's Elements of Chemistry.
Reese's " Zoology.
Lambert's Anatomy and Physiology.
Worcester's Ancient and Modern History.
Teacher's Guide to Illustrations: to accompany Holbrook's School Apparatus.
How to use Globes, by F. C. Brownell.
The Natural Spelling Teacher.
Sherwood's Speller and Pronouncer.
Hann's Elements of Spherical Trigonometry
Key to Bonnycastle's Algebra.

[See School Books in another column.]

SPECTACLES.



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MEDICATED
COUGH BALSAM

Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption, and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

For sale by Druggists. General Depot, No. 6, East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

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All the Medical men and the Presses recommend Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture as the only certain remedy for *Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination* of Astringents, Absorbents, Stimulents and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

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Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

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Dr. STRICKLAND'S TONIC.—We can recommend those suffering with loss of Appetite, Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, Nervousness or Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it strengthens the whole nervous *system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to* cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

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JOHN REED, Agent, Huntingdon, Pa.

1865. THE 1865.

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HOWE'S SONGS OF IRELAND, containing about 175 of the Gems of Hibernia's Songs and Ballads, including 50 of Moore's Irish Melodies, Songs of the affections, Sentimental, Patriotic, Historical, Military, Political, *Comic and Miscellaneous Songs, arranged for the* Pianoforte or Melodeon. Price $3.00

HOWE'S SONGS OF SCOTLAND, containing about 175 of the Gems of Caledonia's Songs and Ballads, including Songs of the affections, Sentimental, Patriotic, Historical, Military, Political, *Comic* and Miscellaneous Songs, arranged for the Pianoforte or Melodeon. Price $3.00.

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MUSICIAN'S OMNIBUS, No. 1, containing the whole Camp Duty, Calls and Signals used in the Army and Navy; *40 setts of Quadrilles,* [including Waltz, Polka and Schottische] with Calls; and an immense collection of Polkas, Schottisches, Waltzes' Marches, Quicksteps, Hornpipes, Carrs and Fancy Dances, Songs, &c., for the Violin, Flute, Cornet, Clarionett, &c., Containing over 700 pieces of Music.

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THE YOUNG MEN'S SINGING BOOK; a collection of Music for male Voices, consisting of Glees and Part Songs, *Choir and congregational Tunes, Anthems,* Chants, &c.

KINGLEY'S JUVENILE CHOIR:—A selection of the Choicest Melodies from the German, French, Italian, English and American Composers.

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Huntingdon, Jan. 24, 1865–tf.

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The Rebel Army List. Lieutenant Generals, Major Generals and Brigadiers, to same date.

Losses in battle and by death, of Union officers, to November 1st, 1864.

Losses of officers in Rebel Army to same date.

The Rebel Government, Rebel Congress, Rebel Debt, &c.

A full digest of the United States Stamp regulations.

A full digest of the United States License regulations.

Governments of the world to November 1st, 1864.

Governors of the States and Territories, Union and Rebel, to November 1st, 1864.

Hierarchy of the Roman Catholic Church to November 1st, 1864.

Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church to November 1st, 1864.

Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church to November 1st, 1864.

Reigning Queens of the world to November 1st, 1864.

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Goodrich's " " "
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